MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME XVII. MILWAUKEE, MONDAY MORNING, MAY 28, 1860. NUMBER 114.

THE SENTINEL.

Daily, $7;—Tri-Weekly, $4;—Weekly, $1.50

INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

E. D. HOLTON ..... H. H. BRIGHTMAN

MONDAY MORNING, MAY 28, 1860

☞ To Mail Subscribers. ☜

THE FIGURES on the **Printed Address** indicate **the time to which you have paid.** For instance: **26 April,** means paid to the 26th of April, 1861. Subscribers will please examine these labels, & by doing so they will be always posted. And, if they wish to, can renew before the time to which they have paid expires, or within a week after, & in any case in giving credit, and have the same rectified at once.

☞ *We stop all subscriptions when the time paid for has expired*, and no paper is sent unless the money accompanies the order.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN.

To the Public.

The Sentinel, having doubled the circulation in the past year, is still desirous of increasing it, & any other paper here, to make it for the cheapest and most desirable medium in Milwaukee for all classes of Advertisers to use.

Every Business Man who consults his own interest, will find a perusal of the columns of THE DAILY SENTINEL, especially when he can do so at the same prices charged by other papers, and secure more than double the amount of circulation.

These are no words, but EVERY WORD TRUE.

☞ For Telegraph, &c., see Fourth Page. ☜

ORGANIZE FOR VICTORY!

It is already abundantly manifest that the nominations of LINCOLN and HAMLIN, as candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States, are entirely acceptable to the masses of the Republican party, and are likely to command the support of a large body of electors who have heretofore been hostile to that party. The Republican States will, beyond question, sustain these nominations by full majorities at the polls: while in Indiana, Pennsylvania and New Jersey—States not distinctively Republican—the friends of LINCOLN and HAMLIN are sanguine of success. The campaign opens auspiciously. The signs of the times all promise a glorious triumph in November. It is to be a contest between a NATIONAL and *united* party against a SECTIONAL and *divided* one.

For all that, it becomes Republicans to see to it that all honorable efforts are made to render *certain* the victory which we all desire secure. To that end it is imperatively necessary that measures be promptly taken for a complete and efficient ORGANIZATION in every County, Town and School District of this State. We should be content with nothing short of a full and reliable list of the Republican electors of Wisconsin, and with such further preparation as will ensure the polling of the entire Republican vote of this State. At the roll call in November, there should not be, in all Wisconsin, a single Republican missing who is physically able to attend the polls.

To attain this result, Republican Clubs should be formed, without delay, in every County of our State; through whose agency each locality could be thoroughly canvassed, and our exact force ascertained. Means should be taken, at the same time, to circulate broadcast among the People Republican newspapers, speeches and documents. The good seed should be sown with no sparing hand. Every remote hamlet of the State should be visited, and the truth made to penetrate the darkest corners. No man should be left to go astray and fall into the pit of Sham Democracy, for lack of light.—Some of our counties have already commenced this good work. Let all others promptly follow suit. What is to be done, in this regard, should be well and *quickly* done, since when our own forces are once mustered and marshalled for the conflict, we can beat up the enemy's quarters for recruits. Let no time, then, be lost in entering upon this business. ORGANIZE, friends, *at once*, and for VICTORY!

The Weather and the Crops.

After the many discouragements under which Wisconsin has suffered these two years past, there comes a bright gleam of sunshine to light up the landscape and gladden the hearts of our People. In the memory of the oldest inhabitant, Wisconsin has never been blessed with so genial a season as the present Spring. The Winter passed gently away; the frost came out of the ground early; and our Farmers had ample time and excellent weather to prepare the ground for crops and to get in their seed. They made the best possible use of their time, and it is the estimate of good judges that *one-third* more breadth of land has been sown to grain this Spring than in any previous season.

The weather continuing for some weeks cool and dry, apprehensions began to prevail that the crops would suffer for lack of rain. But that blessing has also been vouchsafed to us in good time. We have had abundant and refreshing rains during the past three weeks; followed by bright and quickening sunshine. And now the whole face of the country wears a radiant smile. A good grass crop is already ensured. The grain stands thick and green upon the ground. The hopes of the Farmers expand as they gaze upon their broad acres teeming with agricultural promise. The crop of last year was almost double that of 1858; and, with a continuance of the present propitious weather, the crop of 1860 will show nearly an equal increase over that of 1859. There is a good prospect, too, of a lively demand for our breadstuffs from the East and from Europe. Should these hopes be realized, our Fall will be a busy and prosperous one, and "good times" return once more to reward the toils of our Farmers, remunerate the labors of our Mechanics, and encourage the enterprise of our Merchants. In view of this pleasant prospect, let us all "thank God and take courage."

THE PRINCE OF WALES.—The young lady, about whom the love troubles of the young Prince of Wales have begun, and which have led, according to the rumor, to his visit to the North American colonies, is the Lady CAROLINE VILLERS, daughter of the Earl of Jersey, and grand-daughter of the late Sir ROBERT PEEL, of whom the Countess of Jersey was the eldest daughter. She is very young, not over 17; the Prince not 19 until November next. It may be held to be one of the plagues of high station that, if these young people really love each other, they should be separated; and that, whether they do or not, their names should be mixed up with innuendoes and gossips on both sides of the Atlantic.

RACINE CITY.—The following are the prices paid to the Racine city officers:

City Clerk	$600
City Treasurer	450
City Controller	300
City Attorney	200
School Superintendent	100

The Controller after being elected, inquired whether the city was to board him, or he was to board himself.

THE LATE GEORGE WOOD'S FORTUNE.—The will of the late great New York lawyer has been admitted to probate, and it shows him to have been possessed of enormous wealth, his real estate alone being valued at $800,000. It hardly sustains Mr. CLAY'S oft-repeated remark, that "lawyer's work hard, live well, and die poor."

THE NEW YORK common council committee on the Japanese reception, having made some inquiries into the tastes and preferences of the expected municipal guests, have changed their plans somewhat. It is now arranged to give the second, instead of the first floor of the Metropolitan Hotel to the Japanese, as the former is less accessible to inquisitive intruders. The first ambassador will have the corner room on Broadway and Prince street, which commands a fine view of the great thoroughfare. The bridal room (so called) will be occupied by the second and third ambassadors. The sixteen officers of lower rank will be quartered on Broadway. The proposed grand dinner will be given up, and, in its stead, the Lelands will lavish all their resources upon a magnificent ball to which from 8,000 to 10,000 persons will be invited.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.—A man named MESSING was instantly killed by lightning in St. Paul on Thursday morning. He had risen from his bed alarmed at the vivid flashes, dressed himself, and was about to light a candle. He sprung the match on the chimney, and was struck almost simultaneously, over his left eye-brow, by lightning and dropped dead. The fluid singed his eyebrow, and made a mark on his left breast, over his heart, and passed down, tearing to pieces the left leg of his pantaloons, and into his boot which was torn very much. The sole was perforated in three places, looking as if made by a shot or an awl. What effect the match had as a conductor, if any, and whether Mr. MESSING would have been injured had he not ignited it, are questions for the scientific, and we should be glad of an answer from some correspondent.

HOW A DEVIL OUTWITTED HIMSELF AT HORICON.—The Horicon *Argus* says, last Tuesday evening between the hours of 9 and 11 o'clock, some fiends in human shape entered the grocery store of H. M. TODD, of that place, and emptied burning fluid on the floor and barrels behind the counter. They then took a ball of candle wick and saturated it with fluid, laying a train from near the centre of the store to the back room, setting fire to it. In their anxiety to hide the light from the front of the building, they closed the door leading to the back room so tight on the train that the fire went out on reaching the door.

THE DELEVAN JOURNAL says that the building destroyed by fire, in that village, in January last, is now being rebuilt, and it is thought, will be ready for occupancy in part, in course of next month. Some relics are exhumed from the mass of rubbish which are thought to throw light on the origin of the fire. We hope the *Journal* will let the public know what these relics are.

THE *Spirit of the Times* states that the match between the race horses, "Daniel Boone" and Planet, over the Ashland Course, Virginia, for $20,000 on the latter, against $15,000 on the former, has been made, and will come off on the 12th of October next.

THE BOSTON JOURNAL says that Gov. BANKS, of Massachusetts, has determined to call an extra session of the legislature, on account of the alarming extension of the cattle disease.

Mr. Lincoln on Naturalization and Fusion.

The following letter from Mr. LINCOLN, was published over a year ago in the Illinois *Staats Anzeiger*:

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 12, 1859.

DR. THEODORE CANISIUS—*Dear Sir*:—I have received your letter, in which you ask, for yourself and other German citizens, whether I am for or against the Constitutional provisions, in relation to the naturalized citizens, which has been lately adopted by Massachusetts; and whether I am for or against a fusion of the Republican and other opposition elements, for the election campaign of 1860.

Massachusetts is a sovereign and independent State, and I have no title to advise or admonish her as to her course, what she shall do. But when any one, from that which she has done, seeks to draw a conclusion as to what I shall do, I may, without being charged with presumption, speak my mind. I say then, that, so far as I understand the Massachusetts amendment, I am against the adoption of the same, as well in Illinois, as in all other places where I have the right to oppose it. Since I interpret the spirit of our institutions as tending to the elevation of man, I am opposed to everything which leads to degredation. Since, as is pretty well known, I commiserate the oppressed condition of the negroes, I should be guilty of a remarkable inconsistency, were I to favor any measure, whose tendency is to abridge the existing rights of *white men*, whether born in another country, or speaking another language than my own.

As regards the question of a fusion of parties, I am for it, if it can be effected upon a Republican basis; upon no other terms am I in favor of it. A fusion upon any other terms would be as unwise as it would be unprincipled. Its effect would be to lose thereby the whole North, while the common enemy would certainly carry the entire South. The question in relation to men is a very different one. There are good and patriotic men, and able statesmen in the South, whom I would cheerfully support, if they stood upon Republican ground; but I am opposed to lowering the Republican standard by so much as a hair's breadth.

I have written this in haste, but I believe that it substantially answers your questions.

Respectfully yours,
ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

A Child Remains in a Mineral Hole Twenty-Seven Hours.

From the Mineral Point Intelligencer.

A little boy, aged 2 years and 9 months, the child of Mr. John Penhallegan, of this city, was missed from home at about two o'clock in the afternoon of Monday. Enquiries were made of the neighbors, but nothing elicited that would lead to his whereabouts. He was last seen playing with some other children a short distance from home; the other children were questioned, but to no purpose—they couldn't tell where he had gone to.

The search was kept up by the neighbors until after dark, without success, when a general alarm was given by the ringing of the court house bell, and a large crowd was soon collected. It was understood that some Indians had passed through the city during the day, and a party started in pursuit of them, others procured lanterns and continued the search among the brush and mineral holes where the child had been last seen, until two or three o'clock.

In the morning the matter looked very serious, and the child's mother was well nigh frantic with grief. There was now a general turn out of the citizens, who continued the search until about half past three in the afternoon, when, to the great joy of the parents, and the satisfaction of all, the child was found, "safe and sound," in a mineral hole near Harker Spensley's Furnace, and about a mile from his home. It appears that a German woman and her children were hunting a horse, and one of the children becoming tired commenced crying, in which he was joined by the lost child, but now no longer lost; for the woman on looking around discovered the little fellow at the bottom of a mineral hole, some 12 or 15 feet deep. On seeing her he asked to be taken "out of that deep well." By the assistance of some men engaged in the search, the juvenile miner was soon rescued from his damp bed, and soon restored, without a scratch, and after an absence of 27 hours, to the arms of his now happy mother.

AN ABORIGINAL SON OF MALTA.—A wandering band of Winnebagoes have infested the town for a week or so. One of them is the regular old "big Injun, ugh," who has been a regular habitue of the Assembly at Madison, for several years past. One of his boys carries a paper certifying to his "soundness" as a Son of Malta, and appears to be addicted to giving the grand hailing sign of distress. We examined him and found that he was all right on oats—although deficient somewhat in regalia.—*Ripon Times.*

The Chicago Convention—Visit to Gov. Seward.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Times.

AUBURN, Tuesday, May 22, 1860.

I have turned aside from my direct route homeward, in order to pay a visit of respect and friendship to Gov. Seward. I found him as busily and as happily engaged in directing the improvements of his delightful country residence, as if no such incidents as treachery and disappointment ever disturbed the tenor of political life. His barns and outhouses, you remember, were burned a few weeks since. His special errand at home, just now, is to arrange for re-building them:—when his plans have been made for this work, he will return to Washington—probably early next week—and resume his seat in the Senate. He will serve out the remainder of his term in that body, but will not, in any event or under any circumstances, be a candidate for reelection. His personal friends know that this has been his fixed purpose for the last two years. He regards his public life as definitely closed—and seems to derive more solid satisfaction from the prospect of retirement than any additional honors could possibly confer.

Mr. Seward is unquestionably ambitious—but he has never permitted his judgment to be clouded by the fervor of political aspiration: he knows very well that the record he has made upon the history of the country could not be improved by any prolongation of his services, while the chances of protracted political life might possibly render it less clear and conspicuous than he leaves it now. Besides this, he has toiled, as few men have ever done before him; and the incessant conscientious labors of thirty years have not been without their effect upon a physical constitution never very strong,—and have begotten the desire, so natural to men with whom reflection outweighs impulsive ambition, for the repose and quiet that belong to the closing years of an active and useful life.

Those who know the society in whose bosom he will seek that rest, will have no difficulty in understanding the pleasure with which he looks forward to the day of his deliverance from public and official cares.—His home is a large country mansion—in the midst of spacious, well shaded and carefully adorned grounds—upon the borders of one of the loveliest villages in Western New York. By all classes of its inhabitants he is regarded with feelings that transcend the ordinary limits of mere friendship. He is respected, honored and beloved by everybody: and just now, when he is supposed to have sustained the heaviest blow that can fall upon the head of a public man—in the withholding of honors nobly earned, and justly awarded by the hearts of the millions he has served,—nothing can be more touching than the compassionate sympathy and love which meet him at every step. "Nothing but this," said he, "was wanting to make my retirement the happiest event of a long and successful career."

You may dismiss all the speculations in which the public journals are just now indulging, as to the place he will hold in the new Republican Administration—if we shall have one—as idle and useless. Henceforth the only sphere of his labors will be his home, and the society which surrounds it. Some who desired his nomination to the Presidency console themselves by looking forward to 1864, as still likely to confer it upon him. He knows too well the vigor and endurance, physical and intellectual, which are essential to the discharge of its duties, to look upon such an event as desirable, even if it were possible. He has watched too carefully the instances in which public men have "lagged superfluous" on the public stage—and he appreciates too highly the real dignity and worth of his own position, to cherish the faintest wish to add, in his own person, one more to their number. "He must be a very vain, or a very shallow person," said he, "who, as a matter of personal choice, prefers to spend what remains of a life already close upon three-score years, in the turmoil and angry contention of political controversy, rather than in the quiet pursuits and calm enjoyments of private life."

It must not be inferred from this that Mr. Seward will abate anything of his interest in the welfare of his country, or in the fortunes of the party which, by a spontaneous and an honorable instinct, proudly recognizes him as its head. In a letter, which he has already written to a Committee in New York, in reply to an invitation to attend a ratification meeting, he expresses his satisfaction with the nominations made at Chicago,—this entire approval of the platform adopted there—his belief in the fidelity of Lincoln and Hamlin to its principles; and his ardent hope that no feelings of disappointment on the part of his friends will be permitted for a moment to hinder or embarrass their election and the triumph of the cause which they represent. It is not likely that he will feel called upon, or that his friends will expect him, to take any active personal part in the pending canvass; but the whole weight of his influence, both in the Senate and in the country, will continue to be thrown as they have been hitherto, into the Republican scale.

Iowa Politics.

Correspondence Press and Tribune.

IOWA CITY, May 24th, 1860.

The Iowa State Republican Convention assembled in this city yesterday, and placed in nomination the following very excellent ticket: For Secretary of State, Elijah Sells, of Muscatine Co.; for Auditor of State, J. W. Cattell of Cedar Co.; for Treasurer of State, John W. Jones of Harden Co.; for Register of the State Land Office, A. B. Miller of Cerro Gordo Co.; for Attorney General, C. C. Nourse of Polk Co. For Presidential Electors at Large, Col. Fitz Henry Warren of Des Moines Co., and C. L. Chaplin of Dubuque Co.; and for District Electors, 1st District, M. L. McPherson of Madison Co., and Charles Pomeroy of Boone Co.

All the old State officers were nominated except Attorney General. The electoral ticket is an excellent one.

Perfect unanimity prevailed in the Convention during its entire deliberations.

Much enthusiasm was manifested for "Old Abe"; eloquent and enthusiastic speeches were made by Mr. Bross of Chicago, and by Mr. Woodford of New York. To-day the Congressional Convention for the 2d District of this State convened in this city, and nominated Hon. William Vandever for re-election to Congress, by a large majority over Penn Clarke of this city. Mr. V. will be triumphantly elected to fill the second term.

Yours truly, F. F.

Quick Trip of the Adriatic.

From the N. Y. Herald.

The steamship Adriatic, which left the Needles at twenty minutes past six o'clock on Wednesday, May 9, arrived at the Light Ship at 6:50 A. M. to-day, Saturday, May 19, making the run in nine days and seventeen hours and twenty-six minutes. Stopping her engines at 6:50, she was delayed several hours in a fog. On the fog lifting she took a pilot seven miles south of the light boat, and run immediately to her dock, at the foot of canal street, which she reached at just 12 o'clock, after stopping for the Harriet Lane in the lower bay and the quarantine visit.

The following is the log:

May 9, at 6:20 P. M. passed the Needles.

1859.	Distances. Naut. Miles.	Revolutions.	
May 10—240		13,561	—Strong westerly winds and thick.
May 11—501		17,836	—Strong S. W., wind and moderate sea.
May 12—805		17,424	—Strong S. W. gales and heavy sea.
May 13—270		16,511	—Strong S. W. to N. W. gales.
May 14—290		17,974	—Strong N. W. breezes—sea moderating.
May 15—222		18,505	—Fresh N. W. gales and moderate sea.
May 16—320		19,295	—Fresh N. W. to N. wind and moderate sea.
May 17—340		21,055	—Strong northerly gales and heavy sea.
May 18—360		21,656	—Moderate breezes; N. W. to S. W.; foggy.
May 19—200 to Sandy Hook.		15,300	—Thick, foggy weather; arrived off light ship at 6:50 A. M.
Total 3,066		179,947	

When the boilers made 24 lbs. of steam, the revolutions reached 15 1-2 per minute, and the speed about 15 4-10 knots per hour. At 15 revolutions, she makes just the same number of knots to the hour as turns to the minute. At 10 revolutions, she makes over 11 knots. Of course, therefore, at 17 revolutions she will hardly make 17 knots, if theory be correct.

A MISSING WIFE.—The young and beautiful wife of a citizen of Lockport, who had been visiting relatives in Illinois during the past winter, while on her way home a month since, was met at the railroad depot by a man, who tendered his services and promised to escort her to Lockport, pretending that his destination was New York. It has since come to light that he was a notorious Western gambler and there is every probability that the woman has been enticed away to some Southern city. Nothing has been heard from either party since, and the afflicted parents are stung to the quick with the most painful feelings of anguish. The damaged husband has ascertained the name of the destroyer of his happiness, and is on his track, and will doubtless mete out to him summary justice.

THE CITY.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.

Depart.	Arrive.	Mails Close.
10:15 A. M.	1:15 P. M.	2:00 P. M.
8:15 P. M.	12:30 A. M.	9:30 A. M.
8:15 A. M.	Mixed train to Kenosha.	

MILWAUKEE & MINNESOTA.

1:30 A. M.	9:30 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
3:55 P. M.	8:30 A. M.	12:30 P. M.

MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.

10:45 A. M.	11:45 A. M.	9:30 A. M.
4:00 P. M.	4:00 A. M.	3:15 P. M.
11:00 P. M.	8:30 P. M.	9:00 P. M.

MILWAUKEE & HORICON.

1:45 A. M.	9:50 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:05 P. M.	2:07 P. M.	12:30 P. M.

MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & BARABOO VALLEY.

4:15 P. M.	12:30 A. M.	3:30 P. M.

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE.

5:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.	9 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	10:30 P. M.	8 P. M.

Departure of Steamers.

FOR COLLINGWOOD.

The Collingwood Line of screw steamers leave one each day—from Dousman's dock, foot of East Water Street, connecting at Collingwood with cars from the East.

FOR BUFFALO.

Screw steamers, with good accommodations, leave the different transportation docks every day, for Buffalo.

FOR PORT WASHINGTON, &C.

The steamer *Cleveland* leaves Olmsted's dock, every evening at 5 o'clock, for Port Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Two Rivers.

FOR GREEN BAY.

The screw steamer *Wabash Valley* makes weekly trips to the above port, starting from Olmsted's dock.

FOR CHICAGO.

The steamer *Gazelle* will leave Olmsted's dock every evening at 7 o'clock for the above and intermediate ports.

Grand Ratification Meeting!

A Republican Ratification Meeting will be held on Wednesday evening next, at Albany Hall. Some of the most prominent Republican speakers in the Western country will be present. Among those who have already signified their intention to be present are JOHN WENTWORTH, of Chicago, Senator JUDD, Governor RANDALL, Lieut. Governor NOBLE, and CARL SCHURZ. It will be a "rousing" demonstration. Let the people get ready.

Take Notice.

The ratification meeting to be held on Wednesday night will take place in Albany Hall instead of on Market Square.

HOOLEY & CAMPBELL'S MINSTRELS will perform this evening at the Academy of Music (not Albany Hall as we inadvertently wrote yesterday.) The company is pronounced by the Chicago papers superior to any that have recently visited that city.—Their operatic burlesques are original and capital, and their music, both in the humorous and pathetic style, is exquisite. They have been drawing very large houses in Chicago and will no doubt bring out all our musical people here.

MEETING OF THE TAX-PAYERS OF THE NINTH WARD FOR THE DISCUSSION OF MATTERS PERTAINING TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS. At a meeting of the tax-payers of the Ninth Ward, held at GOETZ' Hall, on Friday evening, 25th, 1860, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, We tax-payers of the Ninth Ward of the City of Milwaukee, have been taxed for the last two years for building school houses and maintaining schools in the more central wards, and have, without complaint, paid our taxes, thinking that the city would in like manner tax our money, by building a commodious house in this Ward, and employing teachers for our two thousand children, at least in the same ratio as provided for other Wards in the city; and

WHEREAS, The other Wards have a considerable less number of scholars, viz:

	Scholars.	Teachers.	ave'ge sch'r to Teacher.
1st Ward	1705	7	244
2d Ward	1803	7	256
3d Ward	1688	9	187
4th Ward	1544	9	171
5th Ward	1563	7	223
6th Ward	1254	7	179
7th Ward	1711	7	244
8th Ward	1292	4	324
9th Ward	2068	5	411

And whereas it is evident from the above statement that this Ward is unjustly deprived of equal educational privileges with the other; and as a resolution passed the Board of School Commissioners to the effect that any Grammar Department having an average attendance of more than sixty scholars, should be entitled to two teachers; and

WHEREAS, The Grammar Department of this Ward has had an average attendance for the past term of two hundred scholars, and as it has been deprived of its first assistant, while the department in "Palmer's Addition" having about the same number of scholars, and the Grammar Department of the Sixth Ward still only between fifty and sixty pupils, have been allowed to retain their assistant, therefore

Resolved, That this meeting most respectfully ask the Board of School Commissioners to reinstate those teachers unjustly discharged.

Resolved, That we earnestly request the Board of School Commissioners to furnish for temporal use larger and more convenient rooms, and employ as many teachers to the number of scholars as are provided for in other Wards.

Resolved, That we would most earnestly urge upon the city authorities to comply with their contract for building School Houses in the Fifth, Eighth and Ninth Wards, as the contract is very favorable for the city, requiring but $6,000 in *cash* for the completion of them all.

Resolved, That the citizens of this Ward learned with deep regret that two of their best teachers had been discharged without any just provocation, except to give place to a teacher removed from the Second Ward, whose greatest claim to the situation is a slight family connection as Commissioner in another Ward.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the city papers, and that a copy of them be presented to the Board of School Commissioners.

N. SCHANS, Secretary. M. BARTHEL, Pres't.

A HANGING BUSINESS.—Since capital punishment was abolished in this State J. J. MCGRATH & Co. have confined their attention entirely to wall paper. The large emporium at No. 21 Wisconsin street, is the establishment of J. J. MCGRATH & Co.

If you ever get in trouble about the appearance of your house, take your distress to MCGRATH, and he'll *bolt* it for you at 40 per cent. less than anybody else. He is about the only business man in town whose *paper* is taken indiscriminately by men and women regardless of discount.

If your walls are smokey and your stove dirty, don't curse—don't say, "hang them!" Let MCGRATH hang them for you. No sheriff ever got rid of rascality as quietly as this enterprising gentleman will dissipate your trouble.

His window shades throw all other curtains in the shade, and we confidently believe his stock is the largest and best in town. We do!

THE MAGIC OF A SMILE.—The eloquence of a smile is indescribable. The soul's sunshine as it breaks out on the face. Who is there has not felt the magic of a smile?—DOUGLAS smiled when he heard from Charleston. The man who treasures up a smart saying and produces it before an assembly of ladies and gentlemen, with the full expectation of hearing a burst of applause and roars of mirth, can appreciate the magic of the smile that breaks out like a sickly gleam of October sunlight on the faces of one or two.

THE FREE DEMOCRAT—WHERE THE LITTLE JOKER IS NOW.—The *Free Democrat* of Saturday evening announced without a smile that it has passed into the hands of Messrs. C. C. OLIN & Co.

We are not aware of the amount of means or capability Mr. OLIN brings to the sheet, but are informed he intends to make such needed improvements as will render the *Free Democrat* efficient in its advocacy of Republicanism during the campaign.

ANGELINE desires to return thanks for a serenade received on Friday night from a series of musical fellows brimfull of "Home, Sweet Home, and Come where my Love lies Dreaming." She also wishes to say that the only reason why she did not light the candle and throw open the door, was that SKIM. wasn't home to make appropriate remarks, and there was nothing in the house but codfish, radishes and a bottle of bay water.

MOZART'S REQUIEM MASS.—We hope our citizens will not forget the musical entertainment of the Musical Society which takes place to-morrow evening at the Cathedral. The society has put forth unusual exertions to render this occasion a memorable one, and no expense has been spared in their endeavors to have the grand composition performed as it has never been performed here before.

The Good Templars.

For the Sentinel.

The cause of temperance now flourishes in the halls of the GOOD TEMPLARS. Many of our best citizens, who have been in the most imminent danger, are saved *for the present*. Should this organization be sustained by the aid of *that class* of persons which *alone can* sustain it, these benefits will be permanent; but should it be allowed to die out for the want of such support and countenance, there is no questioning the effect on those who are struggling to overcome the tyrant appetite which threatens their destruction—their state will be even worse than before.

I address this appeal particularly to those influential ladies and gentlemen whose struggling friends have gained a temporary advantage over the torrent which was sweeping them away. Those friends have clutched the slender twig, and for a moment stayed their downward course. Their other hand is stretched out to you, supplicating your aid. Will *you* reach out and draw them safely to shore, or will you stand aloof and cry, "God-speed!" to the efforts of the strangers by whom they are surrounded? and who work not to save the *individual* but for the common weal of humanity?

To drop all figures of speech: There are in this city brothers, fathers, sisters, mothers, and wives, whose brothers, husbands and children have been drawn into the vortex of intemperance, and feeling that their simple, unaided resolution is insufficient to save them, have thrown themselves into the temples of temperance with the hope that sympathy and association may enable them to overcome. Hundreds of benevolent ones, who have no such appetites to conquer, and no friends in danger, have found time and inclination to come forward and assist them, whilst their nearest relatives stand aloof lest they may *compromise their standing*.

To these relatives only one closing admonition: Without your support, these organizations may not be sustained. Should they fail for the want of *your* aid, and your friends fall back into a worse state than they were ever before, remember that strangers labored whilst *you* could not afford the sacrifice.

SCRIPSI.

MR. DAVID COE, of this city, we understand, has bought the Young America Mills at Barton, Washington county, and intends removing to that place in a few days. The people of Barton will find Mr. COE a valuable acquisition to their town, as he brings with him not only experience, but the requisite means to make the Mills in every respect what their name indicates.

MUNICIPAL COURT, May 26.—John H. Williams, a country gentleman, came in to see the circus last night, and got rather the worse for wear; lodged in the Station House over night, and this morning was fined $1,00 and costs. Paid.

JOHN L. HATHAWAY'S real estate, money and collection agency, is at Nos. 11 & 12 Young's Block. Read his card in this morning's paper.

HOW TO KEEP COOL.—First read BLAIR & PERSONS advertisement, then buy one of their Refrigerators. A Refrigerator is an indispensable article during warm weather and a Presidential campaign.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.—El Fureidis, by the author of the "Lamplighter" and "Mabel Vanghan." The Semi-Detached House, by Lady Theresa Lewis. Marble Faun, by Hawthorn. Mill on the Floss, by the author of "Adam Bede." The Dime Base Ball Player. The Dime Swimmer. Godey's Magazine for June, 1860. Ballou's Magazine for June, 1860. Everything that is new always on hand at

oct27'1858d1y W. E. TUNIS & CO'S.

Business Notices.

ROAD WARRANTS,

JUST PRINTED, with Overseer's Return attached, at this Office. Orders from the country promptly attended to. Address JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers of Milwaukee Sentinel.
ap21d,y-w&wim

SAML. I. BRIDGE,
Real Estate Agent,

MONEY AND INSURANCE BROKER,
Under Newhall House, Michigan St.

CITY AND COUNTY PROPERTY bought, sold and exchanged. Taxes paid. Abstracts of title furnished. Notes, Mortgages, Stocks and other Securities negotiated. Loans obtained.

MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE effected in the best companies at lowest rates.

CITY AND COUNTY ORDERS bought and sold.

LAND WARRANTS constantly on hand.

CAPITALISTS desiring to find profitable investments are invited to call. Letters of enquiry will have prompt attention.

my21j'60d1y SAML. I. BRIDGE.

☞ Herrick Allen's Gold Medal Saleratus is the best in the world and perfectly healthy. It is far better than soda to use with cream tartar; is more economical, and always the same strength. After using one paper, you will be convinced of its purity and economy, and will use no other. Have the Gold Medal or none. Don't fail to try it. Most of the Grocers keep it.

At wholesale by LITTELL & BAKER, BUTCHER, SEXTON & Co., and JOHN DAHLMAN & Co. my29j'06

REUNION.

MINER & FARIES have again formed a partnership for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches.

Office No. 21 Wisconsin Street. G. B. MINER, R. J. FARIES.

Milwaukee Feb. 15th, 1860. feb12j21'60aw1y1stpp

Western Union and Wisconsin State Telegraph

Office—Free Democrat Block, Milwaukee.

CONNECTIONS with all lines East. The Wisconsin State Lines run from Milwaukee to La Crosse, Fond du Lac and Waupun, on railroad routes. Also, from Milwaukee to Janesville, Madison, Watertown and Prairie du Chien. Stations at all important intermediate points.

☞ Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

my1st25d'60-1-tpp A. WELLER, Agent.

SEND YOUR
MAGAZINES, &C.,
TO THE
SENTINEL BOOK BINDERY,
AND HAVE THEM BOUND.
☞ The Cost will be Trifling. ☜

ALLIS & McGREGOR,
LAND, LOAN & INSURANCE AGENTS,
OFFICE UNDER STATE BANK.
EDW. P. ALLIS. JOHN P. MCGREGOR.

☞ BARRY'S TRICOPHEROUS is the best and cheapest article for dressing, beautifying, cleansing, curling, preserving and restoring the hair. Ladies try it. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. mar16j'60dtm

☞ DRS. JULIAN & EDWARDS, Privat Physicians, Office, 134 Main street, Milwaukee, Wis. my32d1y

E. TOWNSEND MIX,
ARCHITECT.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FURNISHED, and Buildings superintended on reasonable terms. Office on corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, in Ludington's Block.
jan21j'60d1y

FIRE DEPARTMENT NOTICE.

THE SEVERAL Fire Companies comprising the Milwaukee Fire Department, will parade on Main street between Wisconsin and Michigan streets, on Monday, May 28th, at 4 o'clock P. M., for general inspection and review.

T. H. EVISTON,
my21j'60d1w Chief Engineer.

J. L. McVICKAR & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN LUMBER.

Office Corner of West Water and Fowler streets, (Formerly W. B. & J. Hibbard's yard).

JOIST, TIMBER AND DIMENSION Lumber cut to order. Country Dealers and Builders are solicited to give us a call before purchasing, as our facilities for cutting lumber are unequalled, and by ordering of us they can have lumber sawed to suit their orders. Railroad Companies furnished with Railroad ties and Bridge timber at low figures. J. L. McVICKAR & CO

feb2j'60dy-1stpp

To-Day's Advertisements.

JOHN L. HATHAWAY,
Real Estate, Money and Collection AGENCY.

Office, Nos. 11 and 12 Young's Block, Wisconsin St., West Entrance, Third Floor.

CITY PROPERTY and Lands throughout the State constantly for sale; will assume the care and management of property at reasonable rates. Taxes paid. Insurance effected in reliable Companies at best rates. Notes, Bonds, Mortgages, City and County Orders negotiated, Claims Collected, Abstracts of Title furnished, and all matters connected with a general agency business promptly attended to. my28j'72d2w

PROFESSIONAL CARD.

DR. HENRY MELVILLE, OF NEW YORK City, (formerly associated with Dr. Robert Hunter,) is at present in this City, and may be consulted at his rooms, at the NEWHALL HOUSE for a few days.

DR. MELVILLE devotes his attention exclusively to the treatment of CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA and CONSUMPTION, and employs all the resources which modern science and discovery have revealed for the Topical medication of the respiratory organs.

Milwaukee, May 28th, 1860. my 3d'72.dtf

WALL PAPER.

A LARGE LOT OF NEW AND BEAUTIFUL Styles of Wall Paper just received by

FAXON & VAUX,
LATE J. J. MCGRATH & CO.,
WALL PAPER & WINDOW SHADE EMPORIUM,
YOUNG'S BLOCK, MAIN ST.
my25'1560d1y

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF AMERICAN and European Goods. From 150 to 200 packages will be sold on the premises, Fowler, for cash, to pay charges, at my auction room, No. 163 East Water street, on Friday next, June 1st, commencing at 10 o'clock in the morning and continue through the day until all is sold. No goods delivered until every package is sold. CALEB WALL, City Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

THE DRAWING OF THE EMBROIDERED ROCKING CHAIR, will take place on the 25th of May, at 8 o'clock, 355 East Water street, corner of Martin street. D. W. GOELZ.
my26'72d1t

KEEP COOL.

BLAIR & PERSONS HAVE FOR SALE Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Silver Plated and Britania Ice Pitchers, Four Minute Ice Cream Freezers, and Julep Straws, at No. 356 East Water street. my28

New Sewing Machines

Just Arrived! Just Arrived!!

FINKLE & LYONS
Celebrated Family and Manufacturers

SEWING MACHINES.

☞ OFFICE 269 Main st., opposite Young's Block, First Square North of the Newhall House, Milwaukee.

THESE MACHINES ARE FIRSTCLASS and make the well known SHUTTLE, or LOCK STITCH, which for economy, durability and beauty far surpasses all other kind of STITCH.

The proprietors warrant their machines to do more work and give better satisfaction to the purchaser, than any other Sewing Machine in the market, and to sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth or hard leather, with the machine running at highest speed, without stopping or changing tension, making the seam elastic, alike on both sides and drawing the stitches. It is safe to conclude that the machine that will do this MUST be the best for family use.

Family Machines from $50 to 125.

All of these machines, Family, Manufacturers and Leather, are built upon the same principle, and free from all "Rack and Gear," "Cranks," or BUNDLE FANS which cause so much annoyance in other machines. For manufacturing purposes this machine has no rival; for tailors, Harness Makers, and for any one who wishes a reliable machine, and one that is always ready for any kind of work, and all kinds of Sewing with Cotton, Linen and SILK WE DEFY THE WORLD.

**Manufac

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

MONDAY MORNING, MAY 28, 1860.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ABRAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

OF MAINE.

Democratic Dissensions.

The debate in the United States Senate during the past two weeks, upon the Slave Code resolutions offered by JEFFERSON DAVIS of Mississippi, forcibly illustrates the truth of the remark, made by Mr. ANDREWS of Massachusetts at Chicago, that the "irrepressible conflict" is the "manifest destiny" of the Democracy. The Democratic leaders, North and South, have all participated in the debate, while the Republican Senators, regarding it as a "family quarrel," have prudently refrained from interfering. The speech of Mr. DOUGLAS, in opposition to the views of Senator DAVIS, is said to have been an able one. It does not appear, however, to have convinced the Democratic Senators of the errors of their ways; since they voted, with but one, or two exceptions, in favor of the JEFFERSON DAVIS programme. Mr. DOUGLAS himself came up "missing" on the vote; but his speech makes a sufficiently plain record for him.

Probably the most damaging rejoinder made to the Illinois Senator was that by Mr. BENJAMIN, of Louisiana. Mr. BENJAMIN attacked the "little Giant" without mercy, and quoted the Democratic record to prove that he was in antagonism to the vast majority of his party.

After showing that both wings of the Democracy agreed in a caucus of the Senate in 1857, that each should maintain its particular theory before the public—one side sustaining Squatter Sovereignty, and the other, protection to Slavery in the Territories, but pledging themselves to abide by the decision of the Supreme Court, whatever it might be, thus cheating both North and South, Mr BENJAMIN proved that DOUGLAS had failed to abide by the decision to which appeal was made.

In reviewing the position of Messrs. LINCOLN and DOUGLAS in the Illinois canvass, he said the former had consistently and manfully maintained the principle which he had then asserted and was rewarded by his present distinction; while Mr. DOUGLAS had deserted his and had been abandoned. In this connection he admitted, that after a careful examination of Mr. LINCOLN's speeches, he was constrained to regard him as a man far more conservative than he had been represented to be.

One of the most effective points of this speech was a comparison of extracts from Mr. LINCOLN's speeches, with citations from Mr. DOUGLAS' article in Harper's *Magazine*, to demonstrate that the latter had used the arguments and language of the former, to vindicate his own position and justify himself with the South.

So great was the sensation produced by this strong speech that Mr. BENJAMIN's Democratic associates in the Senate subscribed for *one and a half million* copies, to be circulated among the people. It was in vain that Mr. PUGH sought to bolster up the DOUGLAS cause. The South were not to be frightened even by the threat that the DOUGLAS men would stand by their leader at Baltimore, until the 4th of next March, if necessary.

There does not seem to be any possibility of adjusting the differences between the two "sectional" parties into which the Democracy are divided, except by the sacrifice of DOUGLAS; and his friends declare that they will never consent to purchase a hollow peace at any such exorbitant price.

The First Congressional District.

In view of the popular sentiment in this Congressional District, on the subject of our candidate for Representative, the Racine *Advocate* suggests that Mr. POTTER be run without the formality of a Convention. The Elkhorn *Independent* seconds the suggestion, but thinks it possible that Milwaukee might prefer a Convention. We should ours-lves desire to see a Convention held—not that we suppose any other name than Mr. POTTER's would be mentioned—but for the sake of ratifying his nomination and so organizing the District as to ensure the polling of every Republican vote in it. We should like to see the Convention, not a Delegate, but a Mass one. We think that it should be called early, at some convenient place, and that the occasion should be improved to ratify, not only the nomination of JOHN F. POTTER for Congress, but those of ABRAHAM LINCOLN and HANNIBAL HAMLIN, for President and Vice President of the United States. We submit this suggestion to our Republican contemporaries in this District and to the District Committee; and we take leave to make the same suggestion to our brethren in the Second and Third Districts. Three such Mass gatherings of our Republican hosts would open the campaign in Wisconsin in the right spirit.

SENATOR SEWARD.—The story, put in circulation immediately after the result of the Chicago Convention was known, that Gov. SEWARD did not intend to resume his seat in the U. S. Senate, proves to have been without foundation. The N. Y. *Courier & Enquirer* of Thursday last, publishes the following special despatch:

WASHINGTON, Wednesday Evening.

There is no truth in the report that Governor Seward intends to resign his seat in the Senate. Letters received from him to-day, announce his return to Washington next week, and sooner if his vote is necessary upon any important pending question.

Senator SEWARD's letter to the New York Committee confirms the statement and proclaims his purpose not only to resume his seat and duties at Washington, but to labor zealously for the advancement of the Republican cause and the election of LINCOLN and HAMLIN.

THE FIRST JAPANESE EMBASSY.—The Embassy now at Washington is the second which has ever left Japan. The first was to Pope GREGORY XII., in 1584, when the King of Bongo, with those of Arina and Omura, sent an Embassy to Rome to lay at the feet of the Pope the homage and obedience of the Christian Kings of Japan. Two Princes were on this Embassy. The voyage to Europe was a prosperous one, and they arrived in Portugal two years after their departure from Nagasaki, having stopped in India on their way. They were received in Lisbon with great ceremony, and multitudes of the people flocked to the churches to see them. They had a similar reception at Madrid, where King Philip the Second came personally to pay his respects to them.—Pope GREGORY gave them a public reception in Rome, and all the foreign persons of distinction joined in the procession. The knighthood of the Golden Spurs was conferred upon the Princes, the Pope putting on the sword and girdle, and the Ambassadors of France and Spain buckling on the spurs. They were conducted back with similar ceremony. They returned to Nagasaki in 1590. The two Princes became Christian missionaries, and one of them sealed his religious profession with his blood, when the Japanese expelled the Jesuits and shut themselves out from all foreign intercourse.

PERSONAL.—The First Presbyterian Society of Baraboo has extended a call to Rev. JAMES A. HAWLEY, of Beaver Dam, in place of Rev. HIRAM GREGG, resigned.

Gov. Chase on the Nomination of Lincoln.

At the large ratification meeting held in Columbus, Ohio, on Tuesday evening, Gov. CHASE was called upon for a speech and addressed the multitude eloquently, endorsing the Chicago nominations, and expressing the belief that they would be elected. From a published report of his speech we extract the following portion:

"MY FELLOW CITIZENS:—In this mighty gathering and in this all-pervading enthusiasm, I see the issue of the campaign. The manner in which you and your fellow-citizens throughout the country respond to the nominations made at Chicago is a sure prestage of success, and I congratulate you upon the cheering prospect before us. The connection of my own name in the National Convention with the nomination for the Presidency renders it proper that I should say that I was placed in that attitude by the action of the Republicans of Ohio, a very large majority of whom in their State Convention presented my name to the Republicans of the Union as their choice for the Presidency. I regard the expression of the State Convention as the law for the State delegation; and so regarding it, had expected of it the same unity of action that characterized the course of the New York delegation in the support of Mr. Seward, of the Illinois delegation in the support of Mr. Lincoln, and of the Pennsylvania delegation in the support of Mr. Cameron, under similar instructions. But with the final choice of the Chicago Convention I am entirely satisfied; with its declaration of principles I am satisfied. Every principle in that platform I have publicly avowed and advocated for many years; and its declarations still meet with my cordial concurrence.

"It has been said that the nomination of certain candidates might have endangered the success of the cause we all have so much at heart. God forbid that my nomination or that of any other man should imperil the triumph of Republican principles! Those principles are dearer to me than all merely personal considerations, and I rejoice that, although I was not nominated, my principles were; and that they have so true and so faithful a representative in the coming contest as Abram Lincoln, of Illinois."

HANGING IN NEW YORK.—HICKS, the pirate, convicted in New York, is a criminal under Federal law, and condemned in a Federal court. By enactment of Congress in 1820, the punishment for his crime is death. As it does not seem probable that there will be any further proceedings in his case, unless the President interfere, he must be hung.—The State laws have virtually decreed an abolition of the death penalty. Under their operation, it is next to an impossibility that the gallows can be erected. But in this case Federal jurisdiction steps in over State enactments, uses local prisons to retain its victim, and will hang him on the same rope that the State used before it went out of the business of capital executions. But the case is a singular one, among those which occasionally arise, in which there is a conflict between State and National law.

POST OFFICE ORDER.—The Post Office Department has issued orders to the Postmasters throughout the country, directing that the postage upon all transient printed matter, foreign and domestic, must be prepaid by postage stamps, except in cases where prepayment is optional, and in which the senders do not wish to pre-pay.

ANTI-DUST CARS.—The New York Central Railroad will bring out, this week, no less than twelve anti-dust cars. These cars are so arranged that they are at all times as free of dust as a drawing room. The Central Road has purchased the patent for this car, paying $50,000 for the same.

A Final Epistle from Mohammed Pasha.

Translated for the Evening Post.

To my well-beloved Pompkins Effendi, at the St. Nicholas' Hotel:

I have learned with feelings of interest that the city of New York is to be visited by a deputation of Princes, Potentates, Scribes and Gentlemen from the Empire of Japan. Remembering, as I do, with delicious retrospect, my own sojourn in your metropolis, I can anticipate nothing but joy for the embassy from Niphon.

How they will revel in social intercourse with the Committee of the Common Council appointed to convey to them some slight idea of the New York gentleman in his best estate! What brilliant courtesies they will receive—compared with which their own refinement, their Japanese polish, will appear but dull and dim.

With what refreshment will they gaze upon the lush verdure of the City Hall Park and the gushing waters of the fountain!

How their artistic feeling will be fed by that statue of Belisarius in his old age which adorns the space just south of the Hall!

How their wrists will tingle with pleasure as their hands are shaken by two thousand of the stalwart and virtuous councilmen, emigrant runners, baggage smashers and pugilists of the First, Fifth and Sixth Wards!

With what gusto will their Oriental œsophagi transmit the pickled pork of Van Time and the "blue-ruin" of Boole!

* * * * *

I have a suggestion to make, O joy of my liver, which may or may not be novel. You know that the Japanese have a custom of committing suicide whenever they are in any way mortified. It is barely possible that the committee, albeit a refined and graceful body, may unwittingly alarm the etiquette of the Embassy. Therefore, as on fences and dead walls in your city the owners thereof place the inscription "Post no Bills," lest the fences and walls should be plastered with announcements of alarming color and import, so let one advise you to inscribe on the various pillars of the City Hall and the pilasters of the Governor's room, in Dutch Niphonese Sanscript, "Pigeon-English," and Anglo-American, these monitory words.

RIP NO BOWELS!

lest the Embassy should be rent with intestine feuds, and the pavements of the building piled with viscera.

Faithfully Thine,
Stamboul, April, 1860. MOHAMMED.

ANECDOTE OF SENATOR SEWARD.—A correspondent of the Boston *Daily Advertiser*, on his way to Chicago, fell in with the distinguished Senator from New York, of whom he relates the following anecdote:

"I came along from Albany in the same train with Mr. Seward himself, who was on his way to his home at Auburn for a brief respite from his Congressional labors. He was in capital spirits, and talked very pleasantly; of course not about the nomination. He had to endure a great amount of staring and hand-shaking, which he bore like a hero. A remark that he made at table, at Utica, where we stopped for dinner, is worth repeating. He happened to sit next to Stryker, a leading Democratic politician, you recollect, the president of one of their State conventions; and speaking of the Charleston Convention, Mr. Seward said: 'Your whole trouble was that you forgot the fundamental principle of your party, which has always been that *the majority ought not to govern*. Hitherto you have acted upon this, and have got along finely: but at Charleston, the majority actually assumed to have their own way, and of course the minority could not tolerate so glaring a usurpation, absolutely contrary to the whole plan of the party!' There is philosophy as well as pleasantry in this.

A BRUTAL ACT—A MAN PULLS A HORSE'S TONGUE OUT OF ITS MOUTH.—We do not know when we have recorded a more brutal act than that perpetrated this morning by Thos. Downing, a teamster, at present employed in carting stones and dirt at the new block of stores now being put up by Dr. Wolkyns, on the corner of First and Congress streets. It appears that Downing's team were in the cellar-way, pulling on a heavy load of stones or dirt. They refused to draw, when Downing, in a momentary fit of passion, stepped to the head of one of the animals, and opening its mouth caught hold of the tongue and pulled it out! At least *three inches* of the tongue was pulled off, and the piece was left lying for some time afterwards on a stone—it being witnessed by quite a number of people.—*Troy Times.*

SALES OF FARMS.—W. R. Nelson, Esq., of Peekskill, New York, yesterday sold his farm of 200 acres, on the bank of Second Lake, near its outlet, and within half a mile of McFarland Station, for $10 per acre, cash, to Dr. Wm. Hobbing. This is an excellent farm, well watered and wooded, and beautifully located, and the Doctor has got a bargain.

Last night Messrs. Williamson & Barwise sold two farms of eighty acres each, in the town of Westport. They adjoin, and one sold for $16 per acre, cash, and the other for $15. During the past month this firm has sold three others at the same price, and one of wild land, in the town of Pheasant Branch, at $8 per acre, cash. The demand of farms is daily increasing, and this good sign is backed by the fact that enquirers for them always speak of cash trade.—*Madison Patriot.*

A VILLAIN generally plays the coward, as if he supposed that the blackness of his heart might be redeemed by the whiteness of his liver.

A New Method of Dissection.

From the Galignani's Messenger.

The great desideratum in anatomy is, to obtain an exact idea of the real position of the internal organs. This, however, is far from being the case with dissections by the common method; since every section made on the body, rendered flabby and unelastic by death, produces a corresponding deformation; the soft parts contract, and nothing but an approximative idea can be formed of the relative position of the exposed parts before the operation. In order to obviate this inconvenience, Dr. Pirogoff, an eminent Russian surgeon, has had the ingenious idea of subjecting the body before dissection, to a cold of eight degrees centigrade (16 Fair.) for a space of three days. By this means the body acquires a hardness like that of wood, its organs retaining at the same time their relative sizes, since the moisture they contain increases by congelation, and thus counteracts the contractions which the solids would otherwise undergo. The body in this case is subjected to the circular saw, which will cut off slices of the thickness of a one franc piece with the greatest nicety, either longitudinally, transversely, or along the axis of the member. By this means Dr. Pirogoff has been able to publish an anatomical atlas of every part of the human body seen under three different aspects.

In order to copy out a section obtained in the manner described, Dr. Pirogoff passes lightly over the frozen slice with a sponge; the surface is thus thawed for an instant, but a transparent film of ice is immediately afterward formed over it. A pane of glass with lines drawn upon it crossing at right angles, so as to form so many squares, is then laid on the ice film, and the surface copied out upon paper also divided into squares like the glass. By this means the greatest precision is attained. The principle of refrigeration has been carried still further by the ingenious inventor, who by exposing a body to a cold of 18° centigrade (1° Fahrenheit) reduces it to the consistency of stone, and then operates upon it like a sculptor with a chisel and mallet, laying all the viscers open without in the slightest degree disfiguring them. It it thus that he has been enabled to ascertain that the cavities of the mouth, nose and tympanum of the ear, and those of the respiratory organs, are the only ones which enclose the air, and that every where else the surfaces of the parts of the body adhere immediately to the membranes enveloping the organs they contain; so that, however apparently dissimilar their surfaces of contact may be, there still is no empty space between them.

A Delightful Location.

On my way way to New Orleans some two weeks since, says the correspondent of the *Delta*, I made, soon after leaving Nashville, the acquaintance of a Californian; and on arriving at a place called Grand Junction, about forty miles distant from Memphis, he came up to say "good bye" to me, as he had to stop over the night there, and in the morning go north to Jackson. It was 11:30 P. M., and, weary with riding all day, I told him I would stop with him and get a little sleep. I stopped, but did not get the sleep, as my experience will show, and the occurrences I mention could be vouched for by the police records; but, unfortunately, the high-toned civilization of Memphis has not penetrated forty miles from that city and there being no police, I fear some omissions may have occurred in the records.

I was shown to my room by a waiter, and, placing the candle on the table, he turned round very soberly, and said: "Now let me advise you to look up your door, and everything you have got, for this Grand Junction is a hard place." "Ah," said I, "what is going on?" "Why," he replied, "there isn't a room in the house but has been robbed during the past month, and it's a hard old place." Looking at the door after he left, I found the lock was a humbug, and tilting up the chair with the wash-bowl in it, and making sure of the whereabouts of the poker, I was fool enough to go to bed. Very fully, indeed, did I realize, soon afterward, the force of the remark made by a member of the Tennessee Legislature, that the new penitentiary ought to be erected in the neighborhood of Memphis, to save the transportation of convicts.

First, there was a fight in the bar-room, and I took a look at friend poker, but did not rise. Then about two A. M., I was aroused by shouts and cries, a struggle and heavy fall, and thought I might as well know what was going on. The first one I saw, the waiter who had shown me my room, said, as he recognized me, "They have caught him; oh! they have caught him."—"Caught who; what for?" "Oh, he has committed a burglary on a jewelry store up at La Grange and the police have tracked him here." Thanking God there was a show of police so far away from Memphis, I returned to my room. I was going off to sleep when the cries of a woman awoke the whole house, only three rooms away from mine, shrieking murder and help. I got out, as in duty bound, and found the alarm caused by a police search of the woman's effects, who was the wife of the man arrested. It was now nearly 4 A. M., and I was thinking of trying to get some sleep, when my friend the waiter came along, and already aware of my destination in the way of arms, offered to lend me a pistol for the balance of the night for half a dollar.

At day light I turned out and met my Californian friend, who had been located on the floor above me, and commenced telling him my experience. "Well," said he, "don't say anything of that for it is old news.—Don't you know what they talk of here this morning?" "No, I have not been out." "Well," said he, "come along down to the depot, as there is a man lying dead there, and they don't know whether he was murdered or jumped off the train and was killed." We went down, and a noisy crowd was gathered around the body, and the verdict was, "Found dead."

I was glad to get away from the place, and wishing your Memphis friend a quiet time in his neighborhood, I beg to inclose you my card, and am happy to sign myself one who lived to get away from the vicinity of that city.

PRESTO! CHANGE!—Mons. Morean Saintl, a singer well known to the old frequenters of the Opera Comique, and more recently a professor at the Conservatoire, died, quite suddenly, a few days ago. He sang well, acted better, and was exceedingly popular. He was an excellent conjuror, and was fond of amusing his friends by feats of legerdemain. They tell a laughable story of his skill in this art. In December, 1846, Louis Phillippe gave a festival at St. Cloud, to the Bey of Tunis, who was then on a visit to Paris. A portion of the entertainment was a performance by the company of the Opera Comique. The performance ended, a splendid supper was served to the actors, who did great honor to the banquet, but nobody honored it half so much as Mdme Blanchard, the duenna; she not only filled her paunch, but her pockets. Pallianti, the stage manager, discovered this double dealing, and let Morsau Saintl into the secret. At the desert he asked Morsau Saintl to play some of his tricks of legerdemain. Morsau Saintl instantly rolled up his sleeves, took an orange in his fingers, blew on it, and ordered it to Pallianti's pocket. The successful execution of the trick was greatly applauded. "Morsau!" exclaimed one of the actors, "send that dish of shrimps into Md'me Blanchard's pocket." Md'me Blanchard turned as many colors as a dying dolphin. Morsau Saintl took up shrimp after shrimp and blew them into the pocket of Md'me Blanchard; then, restraining the applause which was about to burst forth, he said: "And I'll send there, too, these cakes—this salmon—these apples—these oranges—these truffles—these candy kisses—this nougat." Thunders of applause greeted the conjuror.

We must search Md'me Blanchard's pockets," exclaimed Pallianti. "Neither you nor anybody else shall search my pockets!" shrieked M'dme Blanchard, in a voice of furious anger. "Bravo! bravo!" cheered some actors, "I have never seen you play the duenna better." "M'dme Blanchard is right," said Morsau Saintl; "she does not want to be searched, but she will empty her pockets herself." Perspiration rolled in thick drops down M'dme Blanchard's cheeks—she covered her pockets with her hands, and vowed she would neither empty her pockets herself nor allow anybody to search them. "My dear M'dme Blanchard," said Morsau Saintl, "I cannot allow my reputation to be compromised; come, no nonsense—empty your pockets. Oh, oh! you refuse, d'ye? Guards, to the rescue—search her!" The poor duenna, seeing there was no use resisting, shut her eyes and allowed the actors to search and empty her pockets. They drew out of them shrimps, oranges, cakes, lobsters, salmon, truffles, gray fish, turbot, apples and confectionery. Morsau Saintl was in great glee; he said, "I have done more than perform a trick of sleight of hand—I have metamorphosed everything I transmitted to our dear comrade's pocket; and now, if you wish it, I will restore these objects to their primitive forms. The actors gave him the dish on which they had placed everything taken from M'dme Blanchard's pockets. He covered it with his hat, blew on it, and nothing was found on the dish except oranges, cake and shrimps. The actors were confounded, and, as for M'dme Blanchard, she disappeared.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

MAGIC LANTERN.—COST TWO HUNDRED and twenty dollers to import; with all the diagrams fully illustrating the scim system; also philosophical subjects; together with a number of comical illustrations. I will sell the whole very cheap for cash. Any one who wants to make fifty to one hundred dollars per day, here's a chance for you. CALEB WALL.

Kedzie's Rain Water Filters.

BLAIR & PERSONS ARE THIS DAY IN receipt of a lot of the above celebrated Filters, which are for sale at low prices. myr

"Where a careless or incompetent "practitioner simply produces a mo- "mentary relief, by cutting the sur- "face of the Corn, Dr. Schlosser, by a "system of his own, will produce a "permanent cure, by extracting the "root of the Corn."

LAST WEEK IN MILWAUKEE!

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE GREAT Demand for professional services.

DR. SCHLOSSER

Has Extended his Consulting Hours until 6 P. M.

DR. M. A. SCHLOSSER,

AUTHOR OF SEVERAL WORKS

— ON —

Diseases of the Feet!

— AND —

SURGEON CHIROPODIST!

— TO —

His Majesty, the King of Bavaria,

AND TO ALL THE

PRINCIPAL SOVEREIGNS OF EUROPE

Takes this opportunity of returning thanks to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Milwaukee, for bearing public testimony to his

Permanent Mode of Treatment!

and has to state that by careful study and actual practice, he has rendered himself master of that branch of Surgery in which he has been so long engaged, as well as made

Most Important Discoveries!

IN THE TREATMENT OF THE

DISEASES OF THE FEET!

He is enabled to give relief in cases of the worst kind and

WITHOUT PAIN,

Or producing any bad effect whatever, to eradicate the most painful

CORNS, OR BUNIONS,

WITHOUT CUTTING.

The most timid may rely upon his skill; and children, however young, as well as persons of mature age, will assuredly derive immediate benefit, and enjoy exercise with more comfort than ever.

The following Milwaukee testimonials are similar to a great number now in Dr. Schlosser's possession:

MILWAUKEE TESTIMONIALS:

[From Wm Beck, Chief of Police, Milwaukee.]

I hereby state with pleasure that Dr. Schlosser extracted several corns without the least pain, and I would recommend all those similarly afflicted to give him a trial.

Milwaukee, May 21st, 1860. WM. BECK.

[From Wm. Moore, Esq.]

Dr. Schlosser has extracted several corns from my feet: my entire satisfaction, and without causing me the least pain; on the contrary all pain has been removed.

Milwaukee, May 18th, 1860. WM. MOORE.

[From C. W. Farrel, Esq.]

Dr. Schlosser has removed several corns from my feet without causing any pain and to my entire satisfaction. C. W. FARRELL.

Several thousand testimonials may be seen at his Consulting Rooms in proof of the wonderful efficacy of his mode of treatment. These include testimonials from:

HIS MAJESTY, THE KING OF BAVARIA,

PRINCE JEROME NAPOLEON,

PRINCES CARL AND ANTON OF HOHENZOLLERN-SIGMARINGEN,

PRINCE ALPH OF CHIMAY,

DUKE OF HAMILTON AND BRANDON,

MARSHAL CANROBERT,

And other eminent foreigners, as well as testimonials given by:

HON. WM. P. PHILLIPS, Alabama;

PROF. D. GILBERT, Philadelphia;

HON. J. A. GARFIELD, Prest. of Hiram College, Ohio;

DR. LEWIS L. MILLER, Providence, R. I.;

HON. CHAS. O. VAN ZANDT, R. I.;

DR. HENRY A. DU BOIS, New Haven, Ct.;

DR. A. L. ELWYN, M. D., Philadelphia;

DR. WM. H. MORROGH, Prest. of Fordham Seminary;

REV. C. W. QUICK, Pittsburgh;

DR. S. M. LANDIS, Prest's Water Cure Inst., Phil;

J. W. GRAY, Editor Plaindealer, Cleveland, Ohio;

ROBERT PARKS, U. S. Collector Custom, do do;

With thousand of others amongst them given by Ladies, which it will not be necessary to recapitulate.

DR. SCHLOSSER

CAN BE CONSULTED

THIS WEEK ONLY,

AT THE

NEWHALL HOUSE,

PARLORS C., & A. & D.,

FROM 10 A. M. TILL 6 P. M.

my7,'60d1w

Dry Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS

— IN —

Spring and Summer Goods!!

— AT —

181 EAST WATER STREET.

MACK BROTHERS,

WILL OFFER ON AND AFTER MONDAY, May 21st, an extensive and select assortment of SILK ROBES, from $20 to $50 ₱ robe, worth $25 to $35. SILKS by the yard, from 50c to $1, worth 75c to $1.25. GRENADINE ROBES, in black and colored, from $10 to $15, worth $25 to $30. BAREGE AND BAREGE ANGLAIS, in robes and by the yard, greatly under cost of importation. ORGANDIE ROBES, elegant styles, from $4 to $8, worth $8 to $14. FRENCH ORGANDIES, (best qualities), in Chintz and plain colors, from 25 to 37½c ₱ yard, worth 40c to 65c. GRENADINES, Japanese Grenadines, Pine Apple Goods, Challies, Metalliques, Grenellies, Poil de Chevre, and Fashionable Gray Goods, thirty per cent under cost of importation. 500 pieces French Calicoes, and Colored Brilliants at reduced prices. 200 pieces Irish Linen at 25c per yd, worth 50c. Also, finer qualities in proportion. Lace and Muslin Cur ains reduced 40 ₱ cent. Bargains in Damasks, Towels, ets, Napkins, &c. Also, New Goods for Travelling Dresses, New Mourning Goods, New Cloths, Cassimeres and Drillings, New Laces and Embroideries, New Gloves, and Hosiery, New Bonnets, Ribbons and Parasols, New Mantillas, at prices never before heard of. Real India Camel Hair, and other Shawls, &c., at very low prices.

Domestic Goods of every kind and description, at manufacturer's prices.

MACK BROTHERS,
151 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

sept2'59weekly

MRS. LEWIS BLAKE

WILL HAVE HER

Spring and Summer Opening!

THURSDAY, MAY 10,
At their New and Elegant Store,
NO. 264 MAIN STREET.

☞ Ladies are respectfully invited to call.

ap12,'60d1w&wly

NEW AND CHOICE

SPRING GOODS

J. L. DAVIS,

178 East Water Street, Milwaukee,

Has Opened one of the

LARGEST STOCKS

— OF —

NEW SPRING GOODS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS MARKET, consisting in part of

NEW STYLES SPRING DRESS GOODS, DRESS SILKS, EVENING SILKS, BLACK SILKS, SILK ROBES, IN 5 AND 7 FLOUNCES, ORGANDIES & JACONETS, FRENCH AND ENGLISH PRINTS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, HOSIERY & GLOVES, CLOTH, CASSIMERES & SUMMER STUFFS, SHAWLS, MANTILLAS, RAGLANS, &c., &c., &c.

Together with a large Stock of

Housekeeping & Domestic Goods,

WE have also added to our Immense Stock, a *Department exclusively for*

LINEN GOODS!!

Your attention is especially called to this branch of our Stock, as we shall keep the *largest and best selected* stock of Linen Goods *ever kept* in this city, and *sell them cheap.*

OUR THIRD FLOOR is *used exclusively* for the *manufacturing* of

Cloaks, Raglans, Mantillas, &c., &c.

We shall keep on hand a very large stock of the latest styles. ☞ Raglans, Mantillas, &c., made to order.

LAST, BUT NOT LEAST, We are prepared to exhibit one of the largest and best selected stocks of

CARPETS, RUGS,

OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.,

Ever offered in the West. We have the *latest* and *most* patterns and styles of Oil Cloth, Brussels, Wilton, Tapestry, Kiddar, Ingrains, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, &c., &c. Persons in want of Carpets, will save money by examining our stock before purchasing.

OUR JOBBING DEPARTMENT

Is full of all kinds of

Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, &c.,

Which will be sold *cheaper cash and cash only.*

J. L. DAVIS,
dec16h92dly 178 East Water st., Milwaukee.

Drugs and Medicines.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

HENRY TESS, JR.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST,

195 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

PAINT BRUSHES.

WE HAVE ON HAND THE BEST LOT of Paint Brushes ever offered in this market, and for sale at prices to suit the times

HENRY TESS, Jr., Druggist,
125 East Water St.

TALLOW OIL.

25 BBLS. TALLOW OIL, A TIP-TOP article, for sale by

HENRY TESS, Jr., Druggist,
195 East Water Street.

REED'S BAKING POWDERS, FOR sale, by the gross or dozen, also, at retail,

HENRY TESS, Jr., Druggist.

BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. 5 gross received and for sale by

HENRY TESS, Jr.,
Jan19 Wholesale Agent for Milwaukee.

AYERS' CHERRY PECTORAL, FOR sale by HENRY TESS, Jr., Druggist.

CONCENTRATED LYE.—30 CASES RECEIVED, and for sale by

HENRY TESS, Jr., 195 East Water st.

100 TONS WHITE LEAD,
100 TONS WHITE LEAD,
100 TONS WHITE LEAD,
100 TONS WHITE LEAD,
100 TONS WHITE LEAD,
100 TONS WHITE LEAD,

10,000 GAL. LINSEED OIL,
10,000 GAL. LINSEED OIL,
10,000 GAL. LINSEED OIL,
10,000 GAL. LINSEED OIL,
10,000 GAL. LINSEED OIL,

5,000 Boxes Window Glass,
5,000 Boxes Window Glass,
5,000 Boxes Window Glass,
5,000 Boxes Window Glass,
5,000 Boxes Window Glass,
5,000 Boxes Window Glass,

In Store and to Arrive, at

BOSWORTH & SONS,
ap4 Wholesale Druggists, Milwaukee.

JOHN RICE,

WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

No. 83 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM PITKIN & BROTHERS, of Louisville, a supply of mixed BLEEDED, (County) Hemp, Millett and Rape, put up in small packages, suitable for retailing, 25 packages in a box, which I am sell at a low figure. Also a full supply of

JALAPINE,
GUM CAMPHOR,
EPSOM SALTS,
GLAUBER SALT,
SULPHUR,
ALUM,
CREAM TARTAR,
BAKING SODA,
LICORICE,
BATH BRICK,
CASTOR OIL,
OLIVE OIL,
OPIUM,
QUININE,
MORPHINE,
ALCOHOL,
BURNING FLUID,
CAMPHENE,
TURPENTINE,
MACHINE OIL,
LINSEED OIL,
WHITE LEAD,
&c., &c.

And a full assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Glass Ware, Spices, &c., &c.

aug5

Pianos, Melodeons, &c.

Great Display of Piano Fortes,

— OF —

HALLET & DAVIS, IN BOSTON; OF A. H. GALE & CO., IN NEW YORK, AND OTHERS.

MELODEONS,

OF MASON & HAMLIN, IN BOSTON,

Sheet Music and Musical Instruments,

— AT —

A. B. VAN COTT'S

New Music Store, on Main St.,

NEXT TO WISCONSIN ST.

PIANOS FOR RENT CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Highest Prices allowed for old Pianos in exchange for new ones.

The high reputation that Pianos and Melodeons of the above named factories have gained all over the Eastern States; the medal received at different fairs, with the reports of the musical judges, together with the opinions of the most distinguished Pianists and Musicians, and time of the Press, present a weight of testimony in their favor that cannot be resisted, and assure the purchaser of his receiving a superior instrument, worthy to be patronized by the public.

my29

PIANO FORTE MANUFACTORY

J. S. FARRINGTON,

No. 121 Spring St., Milwaukee, Wis.

IS NOW MANUFACTURING Pianos of all styles, and at prices to suit the times. Work warranted to equal any eastern made instruments both in Tone and finish.

N. B.—Tuning and Repairing of all kinds of musical instruments well and promptly done. Jan28'59dly

DR. SCHLOSSER

CAN BE CONSULTED

THIS WEEK ONLY,

AT THE

NEWHALL HOUSE,

PARLORS C., & A. & D.,

FROM 10 A. M. TILL 6 P. M.

my7,'60d1w

FESS' JAUNDICE BITTERS

FESS' JAUNDICE BITTERS

195

FESS' JAUNDICE BITTERS

FESS' JAUNDICE BITTERS

THE GREAT SPRING REMEDY.

EVERYBODY USES IT.

EAST WATER STREET.

ap17,'60d2m

Insurance.

The Arctic Insurance Company,

NO. 18 WALL ST., N. Y.

THIS COMPANY HAS A CASH CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, securely invested, amounting to over

$300,000.

FIRE AND MARINE RISKS taken upon the most favorable terms. A CASH DRAWBACK made in lieu of scrip of Mutual Companies.

ALBERT WARD, President.
RICHARD A. OAKLEY, Secretary.

For rates and full information, apply to

E. L. JONES, Agent.

☞ Office in Hooker & Nichols Warehouse, South Water street.

my18,'60d3m

BY STATE AUTHORITY.

CHOICE FIRST-CLASS INSURANCE

BY THE

Ætna Insurance Co.,

Of Hartford, Conn.

THE FIRST OF FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES IN AMERICA.

Incorporated 1819—Charter Perpetual.

Cash Capital, - - $1,500,000

ABSOLUTE AND UNIMPAIRED

Assets January 1st, 1860.

Cash in hand and deposited in Hartford Banks.....$234,488 48
Cash in Agents' hands and in transit..... 191,257 73
U. S. Treasury Notes and accrued interest. 72,933 00
193 United States Stocks 6 ₱ cent interest 150,750 00
50 State Stocks, 6 ₱ cent interest..... 52,862 20
Real Estate, unincumbered..... 75,096 10
Mortgage, amply secured..... 4,241 75
Bills Receivable, amply secured..... 7,045 56
197 Bonds, 6, 7 and 10 ₱ cent. interest, unusually secured..... 293,080 49
587 Shares Rail Road Stock..... 92,161 00
50 do Connecticut River Co.'s Stock 4,000 00
30 do Waterbury Bank Stock..... 2,130 00
50 do do Stafford Springs Bank Stock..... 5,500 00
36 do Providence do do 1,575 00
15 do Jersey City do do 1,200 00
300 do Boston do do 30,900 00
300 do St. Louis do do 31,500 00
200 do Bank of Missouri, do 21,000 00
Other Miscellaneous Items..... 17,844 00
2476 Shares Hartford Bank Stocks..... 247,600 00
9830 do do New York do 619,710 00

Total assets.....$2,191,110 02

LIABILITIES.

The amount of liabilities due or not due to Banks or other creditors..... None.
Losses adjusted and due..... None.
Losses adjusted and not due..... $28,861 93
Losses unadjusted in suspense, waiting proof, or contested..... 151,056 72

Total liabilities..... $179,957 65

The above is the Company's condition as to assets and liabilities, January 1st, 1860, this statement, in connection with the well earned fame of this company, entitling them its promptness and honorable mode of settling claims, and paying all just claims, gives the "Ætna" a character unsurpassed (if equalled) by any other corporation in the Union, for uprightness and integrity, and those desiring reliable indemnity will best serve their own interests by obtaining policies from the agents of this company.

Organized on a National basis, with agencies in the principal cities and towns. By strict attention to a legitimate insurance business, this Company is enabled to offer both indemnity for the past and security for the future.

Special attention given to Insurance on Dwellings and Household Furniture, on favorable terms.

Rates as low as consistent with solvency and fair profit. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

E. L. JONES, Agent.
ap25,'60d1y Milwaukee, Wis.

Real Estate & Insurance Agency.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FORMED a Partnership under the style of

ALLIS & MCGREGOR,

For the transaction of a general

Land, Loan and Insurance Business.

We shall pay particular attention to the purchase and sale of City & County Property, BONDS AND MORTGAGES, NOTES, STOCKS AND SECURITIES generally.

As to the lending and borrowing of money, the payment of Taxes, and the making of collections throughout the State.

We are agents for some of the most substantial Insurance Companies, and are prepared to do business on favorable terms.

We are also prepared to do conveyancing in all its branches, and shall faithfully attend to all business entrusted to us.

OFFICE on East Water Street, under the State Bank.

EDWARD P. ALLIS. JOHN F. MCGREGOR.

my7,'60d1w

UNITED STATES

MARINE AND FIRE INS. CO.,

Capital $100,000 00—Surplus $15,111 81.

OFFICE—Under MITCHELL'S BANK, corner East Water and Michigan Streets.

MILWAUKEE, - - - - WISCONSIN.

DIRECTORS.

J. A. Helfenstein, Sanford Sanderson,
Samuel Hutchinson, Moses Rueeland,
G. D. Dousman, H. L. Palmer,
S. S. Daggett, Daniel Wells, Jr.,
Solomon Adler.

J. A. HELFENSTEIN, President

Special Notices.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing inflamation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful Female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause.

If life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞ None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by druggists throughout the world. Office No. 13 Cedar street, New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice. je18 l4i9dw&twly

Bryant's Tasteless Vermifuge.

It brings to terms
Intestine worms:
Cures every child;
Is tasteless, mild;
Of "no danger fear,"
Your babe will thrive
If this you give.

For sale at both ws. Price 25 dimes. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and by druggists. my14d1m

CROUP OR RATTLES.

FOR THIS DANGEROUS DISEASE, the Mexican Liniment may be relied on as an infallible remedy, if applied in season. Apply promptly to the throat and chest and rest in.

Burns

are cured of all pain in a very few minutes, and heal without a scar. It is a sovereign remedy for burns.

Frozen Limbs.

Bathe them from the fire; take the frost out in warm soft or ice water, then wrap them up in Ointment. Bathe the ointment once in 12 hours; they will cause no pain after the frost is out, and will be entirely well in a few days.

Bronchitis and Asthma

are cured by Dr. Tran's Magnetic Ointment, and every consumption has in a number of cases been cured.

☞ Sold by all medicine dealers.

my9d3m

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Moffat's Life Pills!

AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

Free from all Mineral Poisons!!

IN CASES OF SCROFULA, ULCERS, Secrecy or eruptions of the Skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing, in a few days, every vestige of these loathsome diseases by their purifying effects on the blood. Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Piles, and in short, most all diseases, soon yield to their curative properties. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved. Prepared by

WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D.,

oct15 bm&twly New York.

KENOSHA WATER CURE

IS PERMANENTLY LOCATED IN ONE of the most healthy cities on Lake Michigan, between Milwaukee and Chicago, and has been thoroughly refitted and enlarged so as to accommodate a large number of patients. Experienced nurses are constantly employed to attend all patients at the Cure. Dr. Conley is the attending physician, whose reputation is unequaled in the entire west

☞ For particulars and circular, address

F. PENNOYER, Proprietor, Or,
H. T. SEELEY, M. D.

apr15 d&twly.r.

Dr. McClintock's Cold and Cough Mixture

THE ANNOYANCE OF A BAD COLD or cough is great, the danger serious. Slight affections (as they are deemed) of the organs of respiration, open the door to consumption, bronchitis, death. Arrest them—you can do so in all cases—with this common and vegetable specific. All other preparations sometimes fail, this never.

Price 25 cts. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. my9d3m

Banking and Exchange.

A SAVINGS BANK

AT NORTH-WEST CORNER OF MAIN and Wisconsin Streets, has been opened upon the Eastern plan of allowing interest on deposites. Any amount may be deposited not less than one dollar. Interest allowed upon deposites running over thirty days, and interest compounded every six months. Every exertion will be made to render this institution prompt, reliable and in every respect worthy of public confidence. Hand warrants, Eastern money, Exchange, Gold and silver bought and sold.

HARVEY TERRY,
mar26 d&twly Principal and Manager.

PRICE, FARMER & CO.,

BANKERS & DEALERS IN

Bank Notes, Specie & Exchange,

NO. 15 NEWHALL HOUSE, MIL.,

COLLECTIONS MADE AND REMITTED promptly at current rates of exchange.

REFER TO

Continental Bank, N. Y.; Dr. Cummings, President Girard Bank, Philadelphia; Merchants Bank, Boston & Traders Exchange; A. Indie, Treasurer, St. Louis; State Bank Wisconsin, Milwaukee. mar9 d&twly

ARMSTRONG, SPINK & CO.,

BANKERS,

CORNER OF HURON AND EAST WATER streets, buy and sell Foreign and Domestic Exchange, uncurrent money, Gold, &c. Are prepared to draw direct on England, Ireland Scotland, Wales, and the principal cities on the Continent of Europe.

Milwaukee, Nov. 10th, 1859. nov12d1y1875

BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE

—OF—

WALTER DELAFIELD,

WAUKON.....IOWA.

COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY REMITTED at current rates of Exchange.

Refer to Enterprise Bank, N. Y.; Wisconsin and Fire Ins. Co. Bank, Milwaukee.

feb18 d&twly

Furniture and Upholstery.

AUGUST FLERTZHEIM,

CABINET MAKER,

AND MANUFACTURER OF

FINE & COMMON FURNITURE,

UPHOLSTERY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

Oneida Street, North Side,

TWO DOORS EAST OF THE BRIDGE. ap14d1f

FURNITURE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED the entire interest of August Flertzheim and Geo. K. Kimball, in the Firm of

NOYES, FLERTZHEIM & CO.

Will continue the

Furniture and Upholstery

Business in all its branches at the

OLD STAND,

And he hopes, by constant attention to business to merit what has formerly been given to the old Firm, the patronage of his friends and the public generally.

oct13 d&twly WM. A. NOYES.

Gas Fitting.

M. M. LEAHY,

GAS FIXTURES,

GAS AND STEAM PIPE FITTING, At 33 Wisconsin Street, Young's Block.

Have a room—second floor—where persons can find Nos. 1 and 2. I keep the Largest Stock in the West of the Latest and Best Styles of Gas Fixtures ever offered to the trade in Milwaukee. Chandeliers to suit THE TIMES.

Gas and Steam Pipe Fitting done in all its branches, in a neat, workmanlike manner, and Jobbing promptly attended to.

☞ Globe, Silver, Check Valves, Gas, Steam and Water-proof Cock, and all kinds of Fittings, at New York prices.

M. M. LEAHY,
my25 d&twlm 33 Wisconsin St., Young's Block.

Removed to Market Square.

SMITH & SENFTLEBEN

PRACTICAL

GAS AND STEAMPIPE FITTERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in Gas and Steam Pipes, Lap Welded Boiler Flues, Gas, Steam and Water Cocks, Globe and Check Valves, Gauge Cocks, Steam Gauges, Oil Cups, &c. &c.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

A large assortment of

GAS FIXTURES.

☞ Work done in a workmanlike manner, at short notice and lowest rates mar10 d&twly

ISAAC KINGSLEY. ANDREW M. PIERCE.

KINGSLEY & PIERCE,

GAS AND STEAM PIPE FITTERS

No. 291 East Water Street,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Gas and Steam Pipes,

Gas, Steam and Water Cocks,

Globe and Check Valves,

Gauge Cocks, &c.

Always on hand,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GAS FIXTURES.

☞ Work done in a workmanlike manner, at short notice and lowest prices. le10 d&d1y

GARDEN TOOLS.

LADIES' HOES, GARDEN TROWELS, Shovels, Spades, Cast Steel Rakes, Pruning Knives, Wheel Barrows, Budding Knives, &c., for sale by JOHN NAZRO & CO.

THE SENTINEL.

Terms of the Sentinel.

CASH, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY, delivered in City, per annum		$7,00
do	do do six months	4,00
do	do do three months	2,00
do	do per week	15
Papers to the Trade, per hundred		2,00
DAILY, by mail, per annum		7,00
do	do six months	4,00
do	do three months	2,00
do	do per month	1,00
do	single copies *5 cents.*	
TRI-WEEKLY, per annum		4,00
do	do six months	2,00
do	do three months	1,00
WEEKLY, per annum		1,50
do	do six months	1,00
do	do three months	50

CLUB RATES FOR THE WEEKLY.

To clubs of four (to one address) per annum.. 5,00
do do five do do do .. 6,00
do do ten do do do .. 10,00
Address JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers Daily Sentinel, Milwaukee, Wis.

☞ Here is a splendid piece of word-painting, written evidently, upon the departure of a dear friend. The human heart may change, but, once expressed, the beauty of a sentiment remains forever:

"——we stood upon the beach
And watched the sea-gulls, sailing slow,
Across the dreamy sunset go,
And fade into a reach

Of purple distances that swam
The shadowy gulfs of twilight seas,
To meet the tapers of star and breeze
In midnight's awful calm!

Dear friend, the heavy shadows fall,
They dim the pearly silver glow,
And wrap her hundred isles, and slow
Creep up the mountain wall!

Their sound less tides encompass me,
And drown the wandering gleams that drift,
From the pale sunset's hazy lift,
Beyond the glimmering sea!

More dimly burns the sullen light
Among the ghostly clouds that sweep
In endless squadrons t'ward the deep
Tempestuous gulfs of Night!

I see the redly kindling spark
Of windows where the village lies,
And flits across the dreary skies
A shadow of the dark!

And swiftly—swiftly as they roll,
The clanging moments bear you far—
The thunder-crash of rail and car
Breaks hoarsely on my soul!

With yearning heart and tearful eyes,
I reach out wild impetuous hands
Toward the far-off Western lands,
But no fond clasp replies!

And so I turn with inward moan,
Too holy for the world to hear;
And, smothering passionate sigh and tear,
Walk the vague woods—alone!

Agricultural.

THE ORCHARD AND GARDEN.—The season for planting trees being drawing to a close, there are several other operations in the orchard which demand attention. Destructive insects of all kinds should be searched for and exterminated. It is said that trees and plants of every kind may be protected from the attacks of bark lice, bugs and worms by making a ring of salt on the surface of the soil around the stems. All wingless insects will be prevented from reaching the trees by this simple contrivance. It is said that curculio dislikes the smell of soot, and that a farmer had succeeded in saving his plums by burning soot under the trees about the time when that insect commences its ravages.—The Canker Worm is another destructive enemy to the fruit grower, which appears early in the season. The male is a moth of a pale ash color; that female is wingless—This insect comes out of the ground early in Spring, as soon as the soil is free from frost. The females crawl up the trunks of the trees while their winged mates fly around them.—The female deposits her eggs to the number of about one hundred, in the forks of the branches. When these eggs are hatched, about the middle of May, the noxious brood commence preying on the foliage. They sometimes appear in such numbers as to strip an orchard of its entire foliage in a few days. After feeding for about a month they descend from the trees, enter the ground and pass the winter in a chrysalis form. The best way of guarding against this pest is to prevent the female from laying her eggs on the tree. This can be done by winding around the stem a linen, cotton or canvass belt smeared with tar. This belt catches and retains the worm as its creeps up the tree, and if it be put on in time, and kept in proper order it will prove an effectual preventive. Some persons are averse to the use of tar in the orchard, as it sometimes prove fatal to trees, and to meet their wishes we would recommend the application of salt in the manner we have described.

Trees which have been planted last year require to be looked after, as they may have been taken or bent by the wind. They should lean a little towards the West, and if the surface-soil around the stems has become hard it should be pulverised with the hoe or garden rake, that the air may reach the roots. Many trees and shrubs are killed by being planted too deep, and having a tenacious soil tramped firmly around and over their roots, as by this means the atmospheric air is completely excluded.

Trees which have been planted too deep in undrained orchards may be improved by annual dressings of rich soil or compost on the surface, immediately around the stump, as far as the roots extend, new roots will rise into the rich soil, and in a few years the tree will stand high and dry, and the improvement will be manifest. Trees which have been grafted or budded last year should be attended to, and ligatures that are too tight, loosened in order to give the shoots room to grow.

Gooseberry and currant bushes are liable to the attacks of caterpillars, which dinude them of foliage, and cause the fruit to ripen prematurely and become useless. The best way of destroying these insects is by picking off the leaves on which the broods are hatched and crushing them under foot. The presence of the caterpillars may be detected by seeing the leaf pierced with a number of small perforations like pisholes. When the leaves appear damaged in this way, the young brood have just emerged from the eggs and have eaten through the leaf. If allowed to go on for a few days, they acquire size and strength, 'spread over all the branches and devour the foliage.

A succession of vegetables should be sown in the garden. Peas, beans, raddishes, lettuce, spinage, cabbages, cauliflower, parsnips, carrots, beets, &c., may be sown after the soil has been deeply tilled, well pulverized and properly manured. Young weeds will now grow rapidly, if not destroyed by the spade, the hoe or the sacrificer. It is not easy to keep a field, garden or nursery free from weeds if they are not cut down as soon as they appear above the surface. We have seen the well-known couplet:

"One years' seeding
Makes seven years' weeding"

printed on a garden gate, and it would be well if it were impressed on the mind of every farmer and gardener. We advise all who wish to compete at horticultural exhibitions, to begin in time to prepare for a good display of fruit, vegetables and flowers.

SOAP-SUDS FOR CURRANT BUSHES.—A writer in the Indiana Farmer says: "I have found the cultivation of currants to be very profitable. By carfeul attention I greatly increased the size of the bushes and the quality of the fruit. My bushes are now about six or eight feet in height and are remarkably thrifty. The cause of this large growth, I attribute in a great measure, to the fact that I have been in the habit of pouring soap-suds and chamber lye around the roots during the summer season. I am satisfied, from my own experience and that of some of the neighbors, that this treatment will produce a most astonishing effect upon the growth and product of the bushes, and would advise others to give it a trial.

SALT ON LAYING DOWN MEADOW LAND.—S. Pierce, writing to the Maine *Farmer*, relates that in his youth he met with the statement that one of the old English methods of laying down land to grass was to "plough or harrow in seven bushels of salt per acre, and the result was, they got a heavy crop of hay for ten years." He has employed salt on potatoes and corn with good results, but having only a few acres of land and no permanent meadow, had not thoroughly tried the experiment. But one of his neighbors, who was noted for cutting almost invariably a heavy crop of hay, and generally two crops in a season, told him, (in reply to his mention of the English method mentioned above) "that is the very secret why I get so much hay." His mode of applying was to put on six bushels per acre, and harrow it in before sowing his grain and grass seed.

Business Cards.

ATTORNEYS.

A. HENRY BIELFELD,

CONVEYANCER AND NOTARY PUBLIC, No. 259 Market Square, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. ap14d1f

CARLOS GLIDDEN.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office in Van Cott's Building, corner East Water and Wisconsin Streets, third floor. jan12 l&w1y

A. M. PARRISH. A. ROSENTHAL.

PARRISH & ROSENTHAL,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, NO. 1 KNEELAND'S BLOCK, 219 East Water street, Milwaukee, Wis. dec9 l1y&d1y

HENRY S. LEE. MASON G. SMITH.

LEE & SMITH,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS, Ludington's Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

CARY & PRATT,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS.

OFFICE IN "LAW BUILDINGS," NO. 21 Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wis.
JOHN W. CARY. ly21 l6 l&d1m&w3m WALLACE PRATT.

LAW AND ABSTRACT OFFICE.

JOHN G. TOWNSEND, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, and U. S. Commissioner, No. 219 East Water street. Abstracts and Certificates of Title furnished.

☞ Charges reasonable. je21 l7d3m

UPHAM & GRAHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.
New Post Office Building, second floor. apr14d1y

JAMES H. DODGE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT Law. Particular attention given to the collection of Debts throughout the State. Office No. 4 Mitchell's Block, Milwaukee, Wis. feb25 d&d1y

WELLS & BRIGHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MILWAUKEE, Wisconsin. Office in Law Buildings, Wisconsin Street.
CHAS. R. WELLS. je16 JEROME R. BRIGHAM.

Emmons, Van Dyke & Hamilton,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office—201 East Water Street, corner of Wisconsin Street, in Martin's Block. au22 d&y

LITHOGRAPHERS.

LOUIS LIPMAN

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHER, OVER the Marine Bank, 215 East Water Street, Milwaukee, is prepared to execute all orders in this line, such as Maps, Plans, Checks, Drafts, Views of Buildings, Show Cards, &c., &c. ☞ Particular attention paid to getting up Rail Road Maps, Bonds &c. my12 z61d1y

PHYSICIANS.

J. S. DOUGLAS, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIST, HOUSE AND OFFICE No. 92 Wisconsin street, S. W. Corner of Van Buren street. nov12 bm&d1y&w1m

PACKERS, &C.

JOHN PLANKINTON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF SOAP AND CANDLES, West Water Street, near the M. & M. R. R. depot, Milwaukee.

HOTELS.

AMERICAN HOUSE,

P. KANE & SON, PROPRIETORS, Spring Street, Milwaukee, Wis. jy13 g76d1y.

PAINTERS.

SAMUEL M. BROOKS

PORTRAIT AND LANDSCAPE PAINTER. Studio, Corner of East Water and Wisconsin Street, over Van Cott's. dec14 l7d1y.

MUSIC.

INSTRUCTIONS IN SINGING

AND

COMPOSITION.

TERMS: PER QUARTER OF THIRteen weeks, twice a week, $25,00; For quarter of thirteen weeks, once a week $12,00. Orders may be left at Mr. Hempstead's Music Store, at the store of G. Von Deutsch, and with the subscriber, No. 337 Third Street, opposite the LaCrosse R. R. Depot.
dec14 d&d1y E. SOBLEWSKI.

Hats, Caps and Furs.

SOMETHING NEW!

READ IT!!

ONE PRICE AND NO ABATEMENT. I will hereafter offer my entire Stock of

HATS, CAPS,

—AND—

STRAW GOODS,

—OF THE—

Latest Styles

AND BEST QUALITIES,

—AT—

UNPRECEDENTLY LOW PRICES!

I will do a one price business or none at all. It is not right that those who will not barter for Goods should pay more than those who do. A GENTLEMAN should not pay more for goods than any one else.

I have marked my Goods to

Sell from 20 to 33 per cent Less

THAN USUAL RETAIL PRICES,

And will sell to all alike.

The best fashionable

SILK AND CASSIMERE HATS,

—ALSO—

EVERY STYLE OF CAP MADE TO ORDER

And Warranted to Suit or no Sale.

J. A. BENEDICT.

☞ Remember the Place: 102 East Water street, Sign of the White Bear. sep14 l6d1y

Boots and Shoes.

Dealers in Boots and Shoes,

THE CELEBRATED COPPER TOE!

WADSWORTH & WELLS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Boots and Shoes,

60 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO 60.

WE OWN THE EXCLUSIVE RIGHT for the sale of *HITCHCLIFF'S PATENT METALLIC TIPPED BOOTS AND SHOES*, for East and within the States of Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota, and hereby give notice that all parties dealing in these goods within the above States, without having first arranged with us and by our consent, are and will be direct infringers upon our EXCLUSIVE rights, and that as soon as we are advised of any infringement, shall demand proper and immediate redress.

We have made extensive arrangements with the most celebrated manufacturers, whereby we can fully supply the increasing demand with the best qualities of these Tipped Boots and Shoes from our store in Chicago, each pair of which will be stamped and labeled without exception.

We shall recognize no Tipped goods within either the above States, but such are thus stamped and supplied by us.

We will warrant in all instances one pair of child's copper tipped shoes to out-wear two and oftentimes three or four pairs of equal quality without tips, as can be shown by very many testimonials, while the expense will be but little more, making an actual average saving to the consumer of over two hundred per cent.

Merchants and dealers in Boots and Shoes within the above States, can also find these Metallic Tipped Boots and Shoes supplied and properly stamped by Wadsworth & Wells, for sale by ARMES, STELE & WHITE, and BRADLEY & METCALF, Milwaukee.
sep23 d&w3m WADSWORTH & WELLS.

DIPLOMA

OF THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY for the best Specimen of Workmanship exhibited at the Wisconsin State Fair, 1859.

CHRISTIAN BAUTZ,

French Boot & Shoe Maker,

NO. 38 WISCONSIN STREET,

Work done only to order, finished in the best manner, and warranted to fit
ma31 l7926m CHR. BAUTZ.

Watches and Jewelry.

A. B. VAN COTT.

BEST RAILROAD TIME-KEEPERS

OF THE BEST ENGLISH, SWISS AND American manufacture, in Gold and Silver cases. Great variety and kinds of Silver and Plated Ware, and new rich Jewelry of every style and description.

Watch Materials, &c.

Corner of East Water and Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. jy29.

HOLIDAY GOODS!!

THE GREATEST VARIETY, BEAUTIful choice, the FINEST Goods ever brought West, just received.

☞ COME AND SEE, where we ALWAYS AIM to represent goods as THEY ARE, at the Jewelry Store of MATSON & LOOMIS.
dec17 201 East Water st., Milwaukee.

ADDITIONS

—TO THE—

Young Men's Association Library.

THE MILL ON THE FLOSS, BY THE author of "Adam Bede," Irvingiana: Lincoln and Douglas Debates; Haunted Houses, by Charles Dickens; Recollections of Washington: Curtiss' History of the Constitution; Abbott's Austria, Russia, and Travels in Cuba; My Diary in India, by W. H. Russell; The Roman Question, by M. About; Women Artists, by Mrs. Eliot. Milburn's Pioneer Preachers and People; Dr. Oldham at Greystone; Letters from Switzerland, by J. J. Prime; Whims and Waifs, by Hood; Lives and Works of M. Angelo and Raphael; Catamities of Authors, by D'Israeli; Napoleon III. &c., by A. E. Browning; Gagnon's, by Kingsley; Wanderings in Peloponda, Vol. II.; Encyclopœdia Britannica, Vol. XIX. &c., &c., &c.

☞ Initiation fee $1. Daily fees dues $1. Rooms next north of the Newhall, 2d floor. my14

COTTON SEINE TWINE.

JUST RECEIVED, A NEW LOT OF Cotton Seine Twine, also Broom Tying, and a general assortment of Twine, for sale by
my3 JOHN NAZRO & CO.

Clothing.

One Price.	
One Price.	
One Price.	
One Price.	
One Price.	
One Price.	
One Price.	
One Price.	
One Price.	
One Price.	
One Price.	

CLOTHING STORE.

201 GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
204 CLOTHS AND TRIMMINGS.
204
204
East Water st. (ap24 l690d2m) RUSSELL.

CITY CASH STORE.

Clothing at Wholesale and Retail.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS.

Tailors' Trimmings at very low prices for Cash.

JAMES A. SWAIN,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

193 East Water St., Martin's Block,

MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

ap18 l831d1y

Groceries and Provisions.

J. W. LEDYARD,

Grocer & Wine Dealer,

OFFERS FOR SALE AT

LOWEST CASH PRICES,

Every article in the Grocery & Provision Line required by Families.

TOGETHER WITH A LARGE STOCK of

FINE LIQUORS,

For medicinal and Table use. Choice old Brandies, Finest Sherries, Ports, &c. All *Purchased from Bond and Warranted Pure.*

CHOICE HAVANA SEGARS.

English Pickles, Sauces, Condiments,

&c., from CROSSE & BLACKWELL.

Agents for

SANDS' CELEBRATED CREAM ALES.

☞ Orders for anything in my line will meet with prompt attention. J. W. LEDYARD,
Grocer & Wine Dealer,
ap10 101 East Water street.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT

H. W. GEORGE,

AT THE

FAMILY GROCERY STORE!!

NO. 31 WISCONSIN ST.,

YOUNG'S BLOCK.

Is constantly receiving from the East, additions to his already large and well assorted Stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

Consisting of the best qualities

Teas, Coffees,

Sugars, Syrups,

Dried Fruits,

Preserved Fruits,

Hermetically Sealed Goods of all kinds

(Put up by Wells & Provost, and purchased directly from them, at their lowest cash prices), &c., and is selling at lower figures than any other establishment in the City.

That his Stock of Wood and Willow Ware, comprising almost everything in that line, is marked down TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. lower than the same kinds of Goods have ever been offered in Milwaukee.

That he has constantly on hand Cheese from the Walworth County Dairies, SUPERIOR TO ANY HAMburgh, and daily receives from the same, the choicest of Butter. mar31 bm&d1y

Samuel F. Knight's

EXCELSIOR GROCERY STORE,

COR. WISCONSIN & MILWAUKEE STS.,

UNDER THE BAPTIST CHURCH, IS filled with the choicest Groceries in the City. I have just received from the East a large and fresh assortment of the most

Teas, Coffees, Raisins, Figs, &c.,

And have renewed my stock of

CAN FRUITS,
PRESERVES,
PICKLES,
JELLIES, &C.

And would call particular attention to my HERMETICALLY SEALED GOODS,

Especially

FRESH PEACHES.

These have been highly spoken of by all who have tried them, and I buy them on terms that enables me to sell cheap, or take quality in the City.

I have also a good assortment of

WOODEN & WILLOW WARE,

And in fact, a full assortment of

FAMILY SUPPLIES.

CALL ON ME AND SAVE 5 PER CENT.

On your purchases.

☞ Goods delivered promptly free of charge.

DON'T FORGET.

UNDER THE BAPTIST CHURCH

Wisconsin Street.

apr3 l4i9d3mo

"The Old Corner Store Alive."

(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FAMILY GROCERS,

Corner of East Water and Mason Streets,

HAVE THE LARGEST AND MOST complete assortment of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

Can, Dried and Foreign Fruits,

HAMBURGH CHEESE, and in fact, all articles kept in a really first-class Family Grocery, and at prices and quality that can't be beat. We would enumerate, but prefer our friends to call and see for themselves. We are determined to sustain our reputation for attending to the wants of our customers with the same promptness and despatch we have enhanced heretofore, which has obtained for us the name of the "OLD CORNER STORE" for the last ten years.

feb16 l&d1m-tawly HUNN & CROSBY.

ST. JOSEPH

XXXX

U. S. Premium Flour!!

HUNN & CROSBY ARE NOW PREpared to furnish their Customers with the St Joseph XXXX U. S. Premium Flour, ap14

L. T. CHASE & CO.,

SHIP CHANDLERS & GROCERS,

Wholesale & Retail,

Waldo's Block, Cor. East Water & Chicago Sts

OFFER IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS:

Manilla Rope, (allsizes);
Russia do do
Tarred Hemp Rope, (allsizes);
Marline, Houseline,
Hambroline,
Spun Yarn,
Lath Yarn,
Cotton Duck, (all numbers);
Tar, Pitch,
Oakum, Oars,
Blocks, Hooks and Thimbles,
Beltin Twine,
Marline, Oils, &c., &c.,
And a full assortment of everything usually found in a first-class Ship Chandlery Store.
Aug 16 bm&d1y.

HO FOR PIKE'S PEAK.

TENTS, WAGON COVERS, BAGS, &c. All sorts and sizes made to order and sent to any part of the country, by

L. T. CHASE & CO.,
Ship Chandlery and Sail Makers,
Corner East Water & Chicago sts.

TO TRUNK MAKERS & SADDLERS

5,000 YARDS CANVASS, ALL NUMbers, 22 to 41 inches wide, in the piece and for sale cheap. dec3 L. T. CHASE & CO.

HIDE ROPE, HAY ROPE AND BALEING TWINE, in lots to suit, cheap for cash, by
nov10 L. T. CHASE & CO.
Corner East Water & Chicago St.

P. D. ALLCOTT. A. S. ALLCOTT.

ALLCOTT BROTHERS,

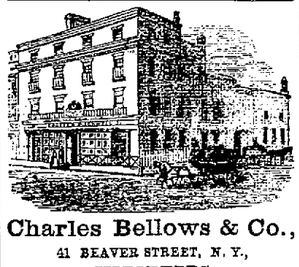
FAMILY GROCERS,

22 Chestnut Street,

MILWAUKEE.

Goods Delivered Promptly, Free of Charge.
dec14 b35d1y

Sauces, Spices, &c.



Charles Bellows & Co.,

41 BEAVER STREET, N. Y.,

IMPORTERS

OF

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

Pickles, Sauces, Catsups, Mustard, &c

LONDON AND DUBLIN PORTER AND Brown Stout, Guarsand Ales.

Scotch and English Ales, pale and strong, in glass and stone bottles, imported in the bottle, all the various brands.

Madeira, Sherry, and Port Wines, in half pipes, quarters and eighths, of the several grades and qualities.

Brandies of Otard, Dupuy & Co., Hennessey, Marrett & Co., Jules, Robin & Co., A. & Alex. Seignette, in half, quarter and eighth pipes.

Medale's Swan Gin and Wolfe's Schnapps.

Jamaica, Grenada, St. Croix, and Bay Rum.

Sicily, Puncheon and Marsala Wines.

Burgundy and pure Juice Port.

Champagne Wines, in quarts and pints, of Moet & Chandon, S. H. Mumm & Co., Heidsick, Bouche, Fils & Drouet, &c., &c., the latter in ½ pipes and magnums—one

Claret Wines, of every grade and quality, quarts and pints, from Barton & Guestier, Brandenburg & Co., and Cruse Frere & Fils. Also, fine Burgundies

Hock Wines, still and sparkling in all their varieties, in pipes and small bottles, from Hanckel & Co., Mayence-on-the-Rhine.

Maraschina, Curacoa, Absynthe, Kirschwasser, Anisette, and assorted Cordials. French, English and Swiss.

Choice Teas—Oolong, Souchong, finest English Breakfast, Hyson, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Imperial, in various sized packages.

English and French Mustard, in bottles, jars and kegs.

Olives, plain and stuffed. Capers, Sardines, Anchovies, &c.

Gelatine I. & J. Cox's and Geo. Nelson's.

Bordeaux, Italian and Marseilles, Oil, whole and half bottles, some of which is of the very finest quality.

Blacking, Day and Martin's celebrated Japan, in the single

Worcestershire Sauce, &c., &c.

Havana Segars, &c., &c. feb29 l69d1y 2&3pp

City Auction and Land Office.

LET ALL WHO HAVE THE BLUES Read this.—Why should any one be discouraged? Mr. B. Martin informed me to-day that he has purchased 40 feet by 130, corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, for which he pays five hundred dollars per foot, making twenty thousand dollars. He intends to cut up stores, offices, &c., &c., on the same, which will be an ornament to the city, and will cost him from thirty to forty thousand dollars. I think we should all feel brighter than we do, and our friend B. Martin deserves much praise, for you will remember that he was the first man who took the responsibility of erecting the magnificent blocks of stores in our city several years ago now.

my12 CALEB WALL, Land Agent.

Liquors and Segars.

THESE POPULAR BITTERS POSSESS all the nourishing and invigorating properties of PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKEY, and are considered the most efficacious TONIC and STIMULANT, as well as the most agreeable STOMACHIC ever offered the public. ASK TEN OF OUR OLD PEOPLE, delicate Ladies, convalescent invalids, and all wealthy people, they cannot be surpassed in all cases of WEAKness or DEBILITY, they will give immediate relief, and impart a strong and healthy tone to the system. A trial will establish their merits over all other Tonics now in use. For LUNG COMPLAINTS, BRONCHITIS, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DISEASES AND LIVER COMPLAINTS, they are an invaluable remedy and are a certain preventive of CHILLS AND FEVERS.

Put up in Quart Bottles, in cases of one and two dozen, and for sale by Druggists and Grocers everywhere.

W. F. & A. W. GREELEY, Proprietors, No. 36 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.

H. BOSWORTH & SONS, Wholesale Agents, Milwaukee. may7 j6 bMwly

MORSE & BROTHER,

NO. 222 EAST WATER STREET,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

THE CHOICEST BRANDS

OF

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC CIGARS,

TOBACCO, &C., &C.

THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY solicited to give us a call.

W. B. MORSE. dec21 l7d1y LEVI MORSE.

J. J. SANDS,

BREWER

—OF—

PALE CREAM ALE,

AND

X X X AMBER ALE,

Spring Brewery,

On Eigth, Chestnut and Prairie Streets,

MILWAUKEE.

ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY SOLICITED. Price List sent by mail on application. Address J. J. SANDS, Spring Brewery, Milwaukee, and Commission Brewery, Chicago. JOHN G. SANDS, Brewer, and Manager of Spring Brewery. dec9 l1y&d1y

MENOMONEE LAGER BEER HALL.

THE MENOMONEE LAGER BEER HALL of C. T. MEIRS is removed to the first door of Ludington's Brick Block, East Water street, one door north of Wisconsin, where the best of Lager and all drinks is found. ap14 l&3d1f

150 EAST WATER STREET,

UNITED STATES BLOCK.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE LATE fire in Young's Block, I have removed to this place, and have since received a large quantity of

SEGARS AND TOBACCO,

FROM HAVANA, NEW YORK AND THE SOUTH.

As my stock of Goods is now as complete as ever before, I should like to enjoy the patronage of all my former customers, friends, and the public generally again. M. STRAUSS.

A large quantity of Segars and Tobacco, partly imported by the firm, will be sold at very low prices. jy4

LILL & DIVERSEY'S

CELEBRATED XXX CREAM ALE!

PALE, BITTER, AND AMBER ALES,

BROWN STOUT AND PORTER.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS A LARGE assortment of the above choice Ales, in Casks and Bottles; also a superior article of

MALT VINEGAR.

Manufactured by L. & D., which he constricted will be a perfect recommendation.

☞ Casks in city exchanged unless returned in reasonable time. HENRY BEVERLEY,
Basement Albany Buildings, Michigan st.,
mar24 l62d1y opposite Newhall House.

Machinery.

BAYLEY & GREENSLADE

HAVE REMOVED THEIR

Iron and Railing Works

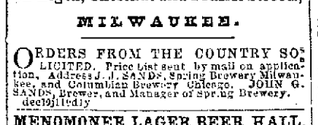
—TO—

MAIN STREET,

One Block South Newhall House.

my5 g50d1y

BEST WHEEL



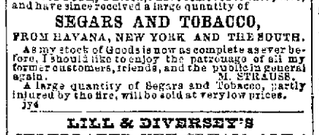
IN THE STATE.

EAGLE STEAM FOUNDRY,

WEST WATER STREET, MILWAUKEE.

ap15 l&d1y

Patterns and Castings,



AT NO. 2 SPRING STREET,

OPPOSITE THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

I WILL MAKE TO ORDER, PATterns and Models for every variety of Machinery and Architecture, etc., etc., etc. I will also furnish

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS

In large or small quantities. Light Machinery and designs in iron and wood will receive particular attention.

A. STONER, Milwaukee.
oct14 l&d89d1y

THE BAY STATE

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

IS NOW FULLY PREPARED TO MANufacture—

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS,

Saw Millsirons of all descriptions, Flour Mill Gearing, Shafting, &c., &c., in short,

Iron Work of all Descriptions,

At short notice and low prices. Iron and Brass Castings. JOB WORK of all descriptions made to order with despatch. Orders solicited.

WM. GODNOW, Agent.
sep28 l79d1y

WISCONSIN IRON WORKS CO.

WE BEG TO INFORM THE PUBLIC that we are prepared to do all kinds of Foundry Work and Finishing in the best and cheapest manner. Our stock of patterns is large, consisting of all descriptions; Flouring, Grist, Saw, Corn and Sugar Mill patterns. Our Corn and Sugar Mills are made of cast iron rollers, and can be warranted. Railroad Castings in general. Road Scrapers and ten different Plows. We are Mechanics; we do our own work.

E. FINN,
H. J. GERLINGS,
Milwaukee.

P. S.—

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON, May 25—9 P. M.

Several members of Congress and their wives paid a formal visit to the Japanese today, in accordance with previous arrangements.

Messrs. Phillips & Solomon, booksellers, entertained them several hours in Willard's concert room, with an exhibition of specimens of drawings, paintings, &c. The most common of which excited their admiration, while the most costly were scarcely noticed.

This evening the principal Japanese dined with the President, in company with the naval officers and members of the Cabinet.

The receipts into the Treasury last week were $1,121,000, an increase over the sum on hand the previous week of $636,000.—The amount subject to draft is $7,286,000.

It is stated on good authority that Jno. Appleton, assistant Secretary of State, has resigned, and that Henry Prescott, of South Carolina, has been tendered and accepted the position.

It is understood that Mr. Appleton was nominated in the Senate to day, for the mission to Russia.

Robert H Gallaher, of Kayashwa, Japan, is here, completing arrangements for a line of clippers from New York in the Japan trade.

More Revelations at Washington.

NEW YORK, May 26—3 P. M

Some further important revelations have been made before the Covode Investigating Committee at Washington. It appears that Attorney General Black was deputed to tender the Post Office blank printing to Mr. Forney if he would change his course.

Steamer Sunk.

MEMPHIS, May 26—3 P. M.

The steamer Red Wing, bound from Memphis to Little Rock, was snagged and sunk on Thursday, at Smith's Cut Off. No lives lost.

U. S. Frigate Niagara Disabled.

NEW YORK, May 26—3 P. M.

The frigate Niagara is leaking badly. She came into port working all her pumps. Her powder has been stored on Ellis' Island.

LATEST NEWS!

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

A Republican Ratification Meeting at Harrisburgh, Pa.

HARRISBURGH, May 26—9 P. M.

A Republican ratification meeting was held here last night, at which Senator Cameron presided.

In his remarks he said he had no feeling of personal disappointment in the result of the Chicago Convention. He had but one sentiment or interest in the nomination, that the candidate would be true to the interests of Pennsylvania. He did hope that the person fixed upon would be the favorite son of N. Y. Mr. Seward, who was an able and zealous advocate, and did great service for the encouragement of free white labor while representing a State whose prosperity mainly depends upon the commerce of her metropolis. He had that foresight which entitled him to remark that the coal and iron of Pennsylvania and the agricultural products of other States must be combined, in order that the full effect and force might be brought to bear upon the great progressive commercial interest of his own. He had no doubt of Mr. Lincoln's availability. The people of Pennsylvania were ready to take a representative man. He, however, presented a fair record for the nominees, Lincoln and Hamlin. He urged the earnest support of the party.

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—26 P. M.

SENATE.—Mr. Latham offered an amendment to give authority to the State of California to take charge of the hostile Indians within her limits; also another dividing the State of California into two Indian districts, and providing for the appointment of superintendents, agents, &c. Carried.

After the fourth amendment had been added, the bill was called up a third time and passed.

On motion of Mr. Hunter, the Post Office appropriation bill was taken up when the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—A number of private bills were passed. Adjourned.

Four Mile Race at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 26—9 P. M.

In the four mile race closing the weekly meeting, Kessie Richard's Colossus won the first heat in 7:46 1-4; Campbell's Joe Stone won the second and third heats. Time, 7:55 1-2 and 8:22 1-2.

This is the hottest day of the season. The mercury at 2 o'clock this afternoon stood at ninety-two.

The Poisoning Case.

BOSTON, May 26—9 P. M.

The Coroner's investigation at Weymouth, in the case of Mary Tyrrell, another of the alleged victims of Hersey, this morning elicited the fact that she came to her death by corrosive sublimate. The examination was further postponed till Tuesday.

Sailing of Steamers.

NEW YORK, May 26—9 P. M.

The steamers Kangaroo and Fulton sailed to-day for Liverpool. The latter took the New Orleans mails of the 22d, and $906,000 in specie and 220 passengers.

The Kangaroo took 240 passengers and $241,000.

Gold Discovered on the Isthmus.

NEW YORK, May 26.—9 P. M.

The schooner Keeling has arrived here with Manitlan dates of the 16th inst. She report that rich gold mines have been discovered on the Isthmus, causing great excitement there.

Consul Allen is on board the Keeling, and is the bearer of important despatches.

SAVANNAH, May 26—9 P. M.

Messrs. Lamar, Stetts, Middleton and Hunter plead guilty in Federal Court of the charge of rescuing Farnum. The case against Lamar for holding African slaves was postponed until Monday. The jury in the case of Farnum have found no verdict yet. They stand 11 for acquittal and 1 for conviction.

QUEBEC, May 26—9 P. M.

The steamship John Bell, from Glasgow 12th, passed River Du Loupe at 11:20A. M. today, bound to this port. She brings no news.

MADISON, Ind., May 26—9 P. M.

The bodies of 8 persons, supposed to be coal boatmen that were lost during the storm of Monday, were found in the river, Amason yesterday.

THE LATE GREAT FAILURE IN ABERDEEN—The sad consequences of the great failure of the firm of John and Anthony Blaikie, advocates and land factors, Aberdeen, to which we have already briefly referred, are, we learn, daily becoming more apparent. Indeed no failure involving anything like the same amount of money loss, and causing an equal degree of private hardship, has ever been experienced in the northern capital; while the suddenness with which the stroke has come upon the sufferers and the public, combined with the high social position of the principal partner of the firm, have created the utmost surprise, and have formed the chief topic of conversation in all circles in the quarter where the event has occurred, during the past week.

As we stated on Wednesday the total amount of the shortcomi gs of Mr. John Blaikie is set down as at least £300,000, and in this sum is swallowed up and swept away the savings of tradesmen, the scanty portions of not a few widows and maiden ladies of families who have seen better days, the rents of many large landed proprietors, and also, it is said moneys, entrusted to be invested in security and in bond. A young and clever architect of the city, brought chiefly into notice by the firm, is said to be a loser to the extent of £5000, while a noble earl, well known in the Free Church religious community, and who takes his title from a royal burgh not twenty miles distant from Aberdeen, is reported to be in for not less than £100,000. In truth it may be said there was unbounded confidence placed in John Blaikie. He is a member of a family who, for half a century at least, have most worthily held the very highest name and credit in the north of Scotland.—*Scotsman.*

A. P. LOCKERBY'S
GENERAL LAND AGENCY,
AND ABSTRACT OFFICE,
WAUSAU, WISCONSIN.

FOR MAKING COLLECTIONS, EXAMINATION of Titles, Payment of Taxes, and the transaction of all Real Estate business, in Northern and Central Wisconsin.

REFERENCES.

Lawrance & Hobart, Wausau, Wis.; Strickland & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; Hon. O. D. Ellis, Stevens Point, Wis.; N. Vansluyck, Madison, Wis.; G. H. Tyler, St. Louis, Mo.; W. B. Bryant & Co., N. Y. City; L. W. Kuehkenbeck, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Office over Jackson and Fourth sts.

A. P. LOCKERBY,
Notary Public.

ALBANY RESTAURANT
AND BILLIARD ROOM

Albany House, corner Main and Michigan Sts

OPPOSITE NEW HALL HOUSE, MILWAUKEE.

Ladies Entrance second door on Mainstreet.

COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

SATURDAY, P. M., May 26, 1860.

The only change to be noticed in our money market this week is a still further diminution in the supply of Eastern Exchange, consequent upon the light movement of produce. The selling rate, however, remains unchanged, 1¼ @ cent premium, but it is very firm at that. The discount business is comparatively quiet and indeed the sources of desirable investment are by no means capable of absorbing the amount of Currency at the disposal of our banks.

Gold is quoted firm, by the brokers, selling at 1¼ premium. Messrs. PRICE, FARMER & Co. are buying coin at the annexed rates, Currency being the standard:

GOLD.	
American Gold	1@1¼ Prem.
California	Par.
Sovereigns	$4 86
Napoleons	3 85
Ten Thalers	7 55
do Prussian	8 00
Patriot Doubloons	15 50
Spanish Doubloons	16 00
Ducats	2 20
Guineas	5 00
10 Guilders	4 00
SILVER.	
American Half Dollars coined previous to 1853	1 03
do Quarter do do do do	1 02
Spanish Pillar Dollars	1 06
Mexican Dollars	1 03
Peruvian do	97
Five Francs	70
Prussian Thalers	69
English Shillings	23
Spanish Quarters (perfect)	22
do do (imperfect)	20
German Crowns	1 06
French Crowns	1 05
Guilders	39

The Chicago *Press & Tribune* of this morning says:

Most of our banks report exchange a shade easier, resulting more from the falling off of the demand under the higher price rather than increased supply. Rates are 1¼ at the banks. The street operators concede a fraction below "current figures." Gold 1¼ with small demand.

The money market is working comfortably. The supply of currency is largely in excess of the requirements of the produce trade. It is held firmly, however, and we see no disposition to make local discount. Unless a better supply of produce paper finds its way on the market, some other means must be devised to open the piles of currency in the hands of the bankers.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* of Friday, says:

Matters continue to work smoothly in financial circles. Money is easy at 1@12 ⅌ cent, the supply being fully equal to the offerings of good paper. Eastern Exchange is also working easy. The demand is not up to the average to-day, while in the receipts there was a fair amount. Bankers continue to draw freely at ¼ premium, and they bought, generally, at 40 premium for New York and Philadelphia, and ⅜@½ for Baltimore and Boston. New Orleans sight is dull at ¾ dis. buying, and ¾ prem. selling, and it was offered by first class mercantile drawers at ¼ prem. Drawers would not take large amounts at ¾ dis. There is no movement in gold, except among shippers. Eastern bills continue to command par. We quote 30 day ⅞@¾ 60 day ⅝@¾; and 90 day, ⅜@10 ⅌ cent. New Orleans 60 day are taken at 1¼@2 dis.

In St. Louis, as here and at Chicago, the banks hold a considerably larger amount of Currency than they can find acceptable employment for. The *Democrat* of Thursday, says:

The demand for money is quite small. Banks have difficulty in finding good sources of investment; good to nine bills are very scarce, and bankers are ready to buy them, running from two to six months. The latter are negotiated as 10 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum, on New Orleans; the former at ⅜ cent ⅌ month. On the East 60 day bills are taken at 1 ⅌ cent off.

The demands for exchange are small. There is plenty of sight on the South at ¾ premium. The rate on the East is firm at 1¼. As Chicago the bank rate advanced yesterday to 1¼ for currency, sales being made on the street also at 1¼@1½, with a good demand.

COMMERCIAL.

SATURDAY P. M., May 26, 1860.

The wheat market was very dull to-day, and yesterday's inside prices were barely sustained. All the sales reported do not foot up quite 10,000 bus, at $1,05 for No. 1 spring in store, $1,05¾@1,06 delivered, $1,08@1,11 for ordinary to extra Club for milling, and $1,-11@1,15 for common to good Fall. There were scarce, ly any parties buying in the afternoon, and the tendency towards the close was strongly downward.

There was a good degree of activity in flour, something better than a thousand barrels selling. The prices, if we can judge from the transactions reported were within yesterday's range: $4,90@5,80 for fair to good spring Extra, including 50 bbls rye flour at $3,75. Several lots of Oats sold at 32c delivered; a car load of Shelled Corn at 47c; a small lot of Rye at 74c; ten tons of Shorts at $11; and ten tons of Middlings at $15. These comprise pretty much all the transactions reported on 'Change.

The following statement exhibits the daily receipts of flour and grain for the past week, and also the exports for the week:

RECEIPTS OF BREADSTUFFS FOR THE WEEK.

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Oats, bus.	Corn, bus.	Barley, bus.	Rye, bus.
Monday	1,000	19,455	4,844	438	....	....
Tuesday	846	29,450	2,088	267	88	154
Wednesday	556	15,240	488	247	84	22
Thursday	1,007	12,406	1,801	388	178	515
Friday	1,000	19,052	1,418	71	170	....
Saturday	1,245	20,202	582	348	88	900
Total	5,244	97,814	12,126	1,809	508	794
In 1859	3,474	56,230	15,252	1,246	703	142

EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.

To—	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Oats, bus.	Corn, bus.	Barley, bus.	Rye, bus.
Buffalo	18,189	54,000	....	....	....	....
Ogdensburgh	1,990	917	....	....	....	....
Kingston	....	15,533	....	....	....	....
Collingwood	....	....	....	1,476	....	....
Other Ports	....	....	700	....	....	....
By D & M Ry	116	....	....	1,626	116	....
Total	15,825	71,150	1,626	1,592	....	....
Previously	115,791	957,573	5,890	23115	8,857	1,802
Since Jan. 1	131,116	1028,723	10,016	25,307	8,857	1,802

The weekly receipts of flour and grain since January 1st will be found in the annexed table:

Weekly Receipts of Flour and Grain.

Weeks.	Flour.	Wheat.	Oats.	Corn.	Barley.	Rye.
Jan. 7	9174	40442	1691	1869	1360	360
do 14	2267	41969	4212	5057	2960	88
do 21	6464	54922	6290	5297	4870	58
do 28	4057	35758	7040	6587	4098	145
Feb. 4	4115	29747	5054	4451	851	159
do 11	3829	29277	4837	4817	1978	678
do 18	2934	33515	5642	4087	2116	518
do 25	2261	42250	3526	2578	2290	....
Mar. 3	3167	46765	2510	2061	3636	565
do 10	3717	39005	1767	383	3355	360
do 17	5964	39257	4817	3064	8410	52
do 24	6140	44550	3697	8724	2002	199
do 31	4035	30130	1816	995	2075	170
Apr. 7	2830	19172	2021	1762	1916	244
do 14	4405	32884	5059	855	1284	97
do 21	5695	59140	3145	2574	2580	20
do 28	3579	172991	1844	3042	3218	124
May 5	5713	210342	4048	3035	1315	157
do 12	5401	153192	2545	2516	2406	198
do 19	6170	113826	2125	2911	914	669
do 26	5244	97814	12126	1809	508	794
Total	95429	1414014	87932	61399	49248	7185
In 1859	59906	876271	157400	93405	15669	6017

The annexed statement of the weekly receipts of Wheat by Rail Road—including Flour reduced to bushels—from Sept. 1st, 1858 and 1859, exhibits the comparative movement of the two last Wheat Crops:

COMPARATIVE MOVEMENT OF THE WHEAT CROPS OF 1858, '59

Week ending	Crop of 1858.	Crop of 1859
Sept. 4	143,891	153,272
do 11	115,441	196,295
do 18	206,820	342,000
do 25	273,824	305,513
Oct. 2	373,101	387,210
do 9	189,668	351,041
do 16	119,889	413,625
do 23	110,639	366,606
do 30	92,315	429,210
Nov. 6	63,385	395,606
do 13	39,528	276,524
do 20	92,640	164,469
do 27	119,810	157,508
Dec. 4	49,961	94,118
do 11	47,960	71,882
do 18	47,960	78,342
do 25	47,295	82,701
do 31	58,285	46,666
Jan. 8	19,661	97,812
do 15	56,886	85,794
do 22	70,645	75,472
do 29	75,251	55,048
Feb. 5	120,552	80,282
do 12	66,559	61,615
do 19	55,181	58,015
do 26	50,343	42,259
do March 5	55,990	62,563
do 12	54,068	51,590
do 19	19,353	127,71
do 26	26,427	75,250
do April 2	89,920	59,858
do 9	27,934	35,442
do 16	33,376	52,504
do 23	19,225	117,916
do 30	28,199	134,328
May 7	86,346	253,007
do 14	88,319	199,637
do 21	181,313	144,276
do 28	75,500	124,154
do June 4	42,241	
do 11	23,407	
do 18	37,613	
do 25	33,457	
May 2	24,262	
do do 9	18,200	
do do 16	32,589	
do do 23	17,500	
do do 30	4,248	
do Aug. 6	11,624	
do do 13	12,493	
do do 20	18,936	
do do 17	51,750	
Total	6,820,961	6,990,565

The principal receipts by Railroad and Lake, for the week are embraced in the following statement:

RECEIPTS FOR THE WEEK.

By Rail.		By Lake.	
Flour, bbls	5,241	Merchandize, tons	434
Eggs, bbls	191	do pkgs	6,413
Pork, bbls	4	Sugar, bbls	210
Wheat, bus	97,914	do hhds	35
Oats, bus	12,126	Molasses, bbls	110
Corn, bus	1,800	Coffee, sacks	111
Barley, bus	508	Tea, chests	62
Rye, bus	794	Tea, half chests	629
Hides, No	788	Highwines, bbls	160
do lbs	739	Dried apples, bbls	295
Butter, lbs	5,727	Fruit, pkgs	1,807
do tubs	1	Nails, kegs	58
Rags, lbs	17,503	Liquor, pkgs	117
do bbls	46	White lead, kegs	22
Sugar, bbls	218	Oil, bbls	141
do hhds	22	Glass, box	150
Hogs	16	Coal, tons	100
Cattle, head	21	Grindstones, tons	30
Sheep	50	Iron, bdls	100
Highwines, bbls	50	Paint, pkgs	58
Hay, lbs	4,500	Rags, lbs	700
Brooms, doz	15	do sks	300
Grass Seed, bus	25	Lumber, feet	910,000
Paper, bdls	25	Shingles	687,000
Shot, lbs	4,480	Mowers & Reapers	40
Lumber, feet	5,500	Alcohol, bbls	25
Pelts, bdls	21	Starch, bbls	53
Wool, lbs	2,600	Stave bolts, cds	120

The exports of principal articles thus far this year from this port, will be found in the annexed statement

TOTAL EXPORTS OF LEADING ARTICLES SINCE JANUARY 1ST.

Flour, bbls	131,116	Wheat, bus	1,028,923
Pork, bbls	15,207	Oats, bus	10,016
Hams & shlder, bbls	1,959	Barley, bus	8,857
do do hhds	146	Rye, bus	1,802
Lard, bbls	1,895	Corn, bus	25,307
do kgs	510	Seed, lbs	6,162
do tierces	349	Grass Seed, bus	10,080
Beef, bbls	1,376	Butter, firkins	1,350
Bacon, hhds	870	do lbs	70,340
do bbls	165	Wool, lbs	14,860
Ashes, casks	1,165	do bales	82
Whiskey, bbls	443	Leather, rolls	1,156
Tobacco, bbls	985	Hides, No	4,207
do kgs	40	Skins, No	67
Iron Ore, bbls	158	Eggs, bbls	1,973
do lbs	57,695	Pails, doz	153
Coal, tons	253	Cranberries, bbls	50
Nails, kegs	105	do bxs	54
do lbs	5,645	Matches, cases	971
Salt, bbls	820	Beer, qr bbls	885
Rumps & Necks, lbs	107,140	do 1/8 bbls	218
Paper, lbs	22,195	Pails, lbs	27,925
Brick	35,000	do bbls	14
Brooms, doz	235	Soap, boxs	769
		Fish, boxs	351
		do half-bbls	240

CHICAGO MARKET, MAY 26TH.—Receipts of the articles named, at Chicago, yesterday, were as follows:

Flour, bbls	1,561
Wheat, bus	12,295
Corn, bus	95,906
Oats, bus	4,000
Barley, bus	621

The Press & Tribune says:

The Corn market to-day opened very firm under an active inquiry for shippers and shore-sellers, and owing to reduced receipts and more liberal shipments, prices advanced ½@¾c over the quotations of yesterday, at which there were liberal transactions. After the receipt of the New York and Buffalo dispatches, however, the market gradually became weaker, until the close, when the market was lost, and it closed rather heavy, with little or no disposition to operate. About 100,000 bus in all changed hands, at 52c for High Mixed River bus in all changed hands, at 52c for High Mixed River bus in all changed hands, at 52c for High Mixed River